

# THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

VOL. XII. NO. 314.

GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17th, 1914.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## SPECIAL SALE OF WOMENS SHOES

150 to 200 Pairs \$1.48 AND \$1.60  
of Broken Lots at

All these goods were originally \$2.00, \$2.50  
and \$3.00

On # Tables # for # Your # Convenience

## ECKERT'S -:- STORE

"ON THE SQUARE"

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings

## PHOTOPLAY

THE KNOCKOUT ..... TWO REEL KEYSTONE COMEDY

One of the Keystone's most successful comedies, in two reels.

LOVE, THE CLAIRVOYANT ..... VITAGRAPH

It finds a way to teach the husband that his jealousy is the obstacle to his happiness. With MAURICE COSTELLO and MARY CHARLESTON.  
MONDAY: "FRANCIS MARION, THE SWAMP FOX" THREE REEL  
WAR STORY OF '76.

Show Starts 6:30

Admission 5 Cents.

## WALTER'S THEATRE TO-NIGHT

THROUGH THE FLAMES ..... KALEM

A TWO PART DRAMA FEATURING GUY COOMBS, MARGUERITE COURTOUT AND ALICE HOLLISTER.

Believing his wife, Marion, to have perished in a burning building, Donald Mall marries again. Marion's return a year later brings about a situation of tremendous strength.

SWEEDIE AND THE LORD ..... ESSANAY COMEDY

PATHE DAILY NO. 63 ..... PATHE DAILY NEWS

Show Starts 6:30

Admission 5 cents.

## Farmers' Day Premiums.

For largest pumpkin \$5 Safety Razo  
For plate of the best five Irish Potatoes--\$5 Brass Jardiniere.

## People's : Drug : Store

Baltimore street.

THE unobtrusive good Style of the Lippy Fall Suits will win the approval of Men who want Clothes that express the prevailing mode Correctly and in good taste.

There will be little difficulty in finding the particular styles that please your fancy.

J. D. LIPPY, TAILOR.

Ford Shock Absorbers: ten day trial \$12.50.  
Ford Master Vibrators - - - 12.50.  
Ford Special Spark Plugs - - - 40 to 60c.  
Buick Special A. C. Spark Plugs - - - 75c.  
Mosler Spit Fire Spark Plugs - - - 50c.  
Steam Vulcanizers - - - 3.50.  
EBERHART'S : AUTO : SUPPLY : STORE  
Eagle Hotel Building.

CLOTHING designed to attire men for Winter, always at a moderate expenditure.

GENUINE smart style and neatness are the distinguishing notes all through our large, carefully chosen collection of Suitings and Overcoatings.

Mens' Newest Fall Furnishings.

ROGERS, MARTIN COMPANY

AGENTS FOR FOOTER'S DYE WORKS.

## FARMERS' DAY THE BEST EVER

This Year's Celebration Brings out More and Better Products than on Either Preceding Day. Exhibits Remarkably Fine.

Eclipsing completely the notable successes of the Farmers' Day celebrations of the past two years, Adams County residents flocked to Gettysburg this morning by the hundreds—yes, by the thousands—bringing with them the very finest of the products of farm, orchard, garden, and kitchen. The displays in the various business houses far exceeded those seen at many a county fair.

Never have Adams County people prepared a more remarkable display of vegetables. Potatoes of many varieties, and the best of their kind, were shown in a number of the stores. Mammoth pumpkins, beets, cabbage, tomatoes, and turnips were attractively arranged, a striking testimonial to the skill of the farmer and his wife in growing the best the garden can afford.

As might be expected, the fruit display was of the highest type. Apples from many orchards, perfect in every particular, highly polished, free from the ravages of any parasite and beautifully formed, were shown in a dozen or more stores. Prizes were offered for single apples, for plates, baskets and assortments of the fruit, with the result that dozens of different kinds of this famous Adams County product were brought in by enterprising residents of the townships near Gettysburg and those some distance away.

Tall stalks of corn, long ears of the golden grain, wheat of different varieties, oats and other grains made up interesting displays at places of business. One exhibitor showed wheat, the seed for which had cost him \$5 a bushel. Others showed other grains with which they had experimented and been successful.

The Gettysburg Times prize of \$7.50 cash for the best peck of wheat was awarded by the judges to H. C. Warren, of Biglerville. For the best peck of oats one year's subscription to The Times was awarded to B. W. Redding, of route 3 Gettysburg. And then came the fine, clear jellies, the luscious preserves, the jarred fruits and other products of the kitchen. Cakes, successfully baked and beautifully iced, were brought in in abundance. Candies were shown at some places. Butter makers displayed scores of rolls of golden yellow butter well moulded, and these many things were so distributed that every part of town had its share of the big one-day fair.

And then there were the articles of fancy work for which premiums were offered, the many "freak" prize offers and other things to interest the visitors. Guessing contests abounded and those who did not have any real interest in the displays could go about from one business house to another trying their luck at numerous things, the number of seeds in a pumpkin, the amount of shoes or pieces of cloth in a window, the number of pieces of candy on a large pile, and many other schemes provided to entertain Gettysburg's guests of the day.

Individual displays, not in competition for prizes, were among the interesting features of the day. Mr. Emanuel Smith was on hand again with a beautiful assortment of flowers and vegetables for which his garden near town has become famous. He was centrally located and visited by the throngs all day long.

William B. McIlhenny had an elaborate display of fancy apples in barrels at the Eckert corner of the Square. He had many varieties on hand and the beautiful fruit attracted a great deal of attention.

The first visitors arrived before dawn bringing with them their exhibits and they were followed soon afterward by others. Every train was crowded and some of the cars were filled almost to suffocation. All roads lead to Gettysburg and teams by the score could be seen from every direction wending their ways to the county seat for the big fall celebration. They found enough entertainment to keep them here the entire day, and the affair soon partook of the nature of a county reunion for many of the visitors saw friends here with whom they had not come in contact for many months.

Much interest centered in the parade, the first of its kind held in Adams County in many years. Owing

## MINING ROCK FOR ROOFING MATERIAL

Will Ship Three Carloads of Crushed Adams County Rock Every Day from Point in Western Part of the County. Many Hands.

A new industry on the mountain in the western part of the county is growing to large dimensions.

Some time ago it was discovered by Charles and Clarence Wills, of Gladhill siding, that the rock that had been taken out of the hill for a Western Maryland Railway "cut" and piled on a dump, was of peculiar hardness. They made experiments with it and found out that this rock crushed into small particles was gritty and sharp and almost indestructible. It was green in color.

They interested the Advance Industrial Supply Company, Chicago, in it, with the result that the latter leased part of the Wills farm at Gladhill, erected machinery there and began crushing the rock taken from the dump.

A good-sized building was erected and for sometime a carload of the crushed stone has been shipped each day. This product is used principally on felt shingles, which are dipped in hot asphalt, then powdered thickly with the crushed stone and then passed through a roller to force the stone firmly into the felt and asphalt.

It is used for other roofing and similar purposes and apparently has found favor with architects and contractors, for the company has leased a new section, alongside a cut, which Clarence Wills has been awarded the contract to blast out.

To use up the new lot of rock the company has erected a building 60 x 120 feet, which it has equipped with crushers, bolters, etc.

With this new equipment it will be able to ship three carloads of the product every day. It will put it in operation next week.

The company has employed twenty men in its old mill. With the new one it will increase this force to fifty men.

## GEORGE W. MILLER

Life Long Resident of Starners Dies at Mt. Holly Springs.

George Washington Miller died on Friday morning at the home his daughter, Miss Mary Walley, in Mt. Holly Springs. Cardiac exhaustion was the cause of his death and he was aged 76 years, 2 months and 1 day. Until a year ago he was a resident of Starners Station for his entire life.

He leaves the following children, Wilson, Thomas, Aaron and Isaac Miller and Mrs. Harry Cline, of Oberlin, Pa.; Watson Miller, of Perry County; Mrs. E. K. Mundorff and Miss Bertha Miller, Harrisburg; Mrs. Garfield Miller and Mrs. Mary Walley, Mt. Holly Springs. He also leaves five brothers, Wilson, Alexander, Joseph and James Miller, of Kansas City, and Daniel Miller, of Starners. Thirty eight grandchildren also survive.

Funeral on Monday with brief services at his late home in Mt. Holly Springs at nine o'clock in the morning. Further services and interment at Mt. Tabor church, Adams County, at two o'clock in the afternoon conducted by Rev. E. M. Aller, of Mt. Holly, and Rev. P. C. Hoffman, of Mt. Tabor.

## TO MANAGE PARADE

Theatrical Managers will Undertake Halloween Event.

Following the announcement in yesterday's Times that the Halloween parade this year would likely be dropped for lack of a manager, N. C. Miller and W. E. Ziegler have come forward to volunteer their services in the event, and the parade will be under their direction.

## WILL MEET HERE

Lutheran Body Selects Gettysburg for 1915 Sessions.

Gettysburg was chosen for next year's meeting by the Lutheran West Pennsylvania Synod in session at Hanover this week. The meeting will be held in the College Lutheran church.

To The Times going to press early this afternoon, the account of this feature of the day will be given on Monday, together with the prize winners.

## ENTERTAIN AT OPENING DANCE

Six Fraternities at Collese Give Fair and Entertain Large Number of Guests. Alumni Return for the Function.

The first of this year's series of inter-fraternity dances at Gettysburg College was held in Glatfelter Hall Friday evening when the six national Greek letter societies entertained about thirty guests.

A program of twenty four dances was played by the college orchestra. The patronesses included Mrs. Grandville, Mrs. Nixon, Mrs. Swope, Mrs. Shipperd, Mrs. Charles H. Smith, Mrs. J. Donald Swope and Mrs. Paul A. Martin. Prof. Shipperd was the patron.

During the evening many alumni, returning for the foot ball game this afternoon, visited the affair and enjoyed the hospitality of the students in charge of the function.

Among the guests were Miss Laura Grove, Philadelphia; Miss Mary Brooks, York; Miss Margaret Wilson, Harrisburg; Miss Florence Nickles, Shippensburg; Miss Lois Turkle, Pittsburg; Miss Sue Phillips, Waynesboro; Miss Dorothy Winters, New York City; Miss Edna Hibbs, Norristown; Miss Ada Ensminger, Chambersburg; Miss Cassatt and Miss Low, Carlisle; and the following from Gettysburg, Miss Florence Reincke, Miss Mary Kohler, Miss Katharine Duncan, Miss Lillian Ring, Miss Janet Robertson, Miss Bernadette Thomas, Miss Mary Slaybaugh, Miss Frances McLean, Miss Amy Swope, Miss Viola Miller, Miss Zita Ramer, Miss Grace Ramer, Miss Elizabeth Van Cleave, Miss Eileen Power, Miss Lillian Kissingier.

Sheds was caterer and luncheon was served at the intermission. Dancing was begun at half past nine o'clock and the home waltz was played at half past one.

## DISREGARDED RULES

Goes about Forty Five Miles on Hour on Avenues.

Charged with speeding his automobile on battlefield avenues and driving in the center of the road, H. H. Bechtel, of Cincinnati, Ohio, will have to face action at the hands of the Attorney General of the United States. The matter is given into the hands of this official by reason of the offender not being a resident of Pennsylvania. Mr. Bechtel, it is said, committed the offense several months ago when he drove at a speed of about 45 miles an hour on Confederate avenue. He was followed and warned by James B. Aumen, but started off again in complete disregard of the caution.

## COMING EVENTS

Happenings in Gettysburg Scheduled for Coming Weeks.

Oct. 23—Annual Autumn Arbor Day.  
Oct. 24—Foot Ball. Lebanon Valley. Nixon Field.  
Nov. 5, 6—Convention Gettysburg College Women's Leagues.  
Nov. 6—Fi Fi of the Toy Shop. Walter's Theatre.  
Nov. 16—Annual Teachers' Institute. Walter's Theatre.

## CAMPAIGNERS COMING

Democratic Electioneering Party will Visit Adams County.

The Palmer-McCormick campaign party will tour Adams County and the upper end of York County on October 30 and a mass meeting will be held in York that night. On the day following, the tour of York county will continue.

## PLAYED TIE GAME

High School Foot Ballists Surprise the Preps.

The Gettysburg High School foot ball team exhibited unexpected strength on the Kurtz Playground Friday afternoon and held the College Preps to a scoreless tie.

EGGS 28 cents. Trostel's Store, Arendtsville.—advertisement 1

DON'T forget David Tipton's sale, October 29th.—advertisement 1

FOR SALE: one 7 H. P. Upright steam engine in first class condition. For particulars apply to Gettysburg Light Co.—advertisement

## PUBLIC MEETING FOR NEW SOCIETY

Those Interested in Formation of Choral Society will Meet Thursday. Will Supplant Other Inactive Organizations.

Thursday evening, October 22, has been announced for the first public meeting called to organize a choral society in the town. Preliminary meetings by local music lovers have been held, and so much interest manifested that the formation of an organization to take the place of the now inactive Gettysburg Oratorio Society and the Chautauqua Chorus was determined upon.

The meeting next Thursday evening will be open to all who are concerned in this new project. The amount of local talent in Gettysburg is well recognized and it is believed that a society of appreciable size can be secured which will give several recitals during the fall and winter months. It is also expected that the presence in the town of such an organization will contribute much toward the securing of high grade musical companies such as those which appeared here last season.

According to the present plans of the promoters of this new society, a director will be secured from among the many local people who, at one time or another, have had experience in that sort of work and no expense will be incurred in securing some one from out of town.

It is believed that the interest is sufficiently wide-spread to prophesy a large attendance at the first general meeting and a highly creditable series of entertainments during the following months.

## WHITE HALL

White Hall—Mrs. M. Slinghoff, Mrs. John Little and son, Richard, of Littlestown, spent Sunday afternoon with J. S. Sheely and family.

Samuel Diehl and friend, of New Oxford, spent Sunday afternoon at the home of his sister, Mrs. James Hook, and family.

Frank W. Schott, wife and twin daughters, Eleanor and Louise, of Harrisburg, spent some time with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Schott, near this place.

Edward Breighner and J. S. Sheely made a trip to Table Rock on Sunday night. The former's brother is ill.

Mrs. J. S. Sheely is suffering from rheumatism.

Reformed communion was held at St. Luke's last Sunday. A large number of people were present. The sermon was preached by Rev. C. H. Shull, of Red Lion, York county.

The Lutheran communion will be held this Sunday morning, October 18. Preparatory services Saturday afternoon.

Masters Wilbert Jr. and Clyde Buohl spent Tuesday with their aunt, Eva Sheely.

J. S. Sheely made a business trip to Littlestown on Monday.

## TO ENFORCE LAW

State Troopers Will See that Game Laws are Observed.

Officers Gearhart, Eiler and Jackson of the Pottsville barracks reached Caledonia section Thursday afternoon, riding from Pottsville by way of Biglerville in the storm. They reached Mont Alto reserve before noon Friday and at once set about the annual guard of the state preserve there. They reported many hunters out all along the line of their ride. They make up a determined body of men and will see that the provisions of the hunters' law are most rigidly enforced.

## FIRE AT FAIR

Fighting Negroes Cause Blaze in Hagerstown Buildings.

When several negro employees at the Hagerstown fairgrounds got into a fight at one o'clock this morning, they upset a lighted lantern and caused a fire which burned sixty two horse stalls in one building entailing a loss of between \$5000 and \$6000. The fire was within 400 feet of the new cattle barn. One horse was burned.

CIDER for sale: four cents a gallon. Orrtanna Canning Company.—advertisement 1

TEN room house for rent, No. 43 Chambersburg street. Apply at The Times office.—advertisement 1

## LETTERS FROM COUNTY TOWNS

Correspondents send in Many Items of Interesting News from their Respective Towns. Personals and Many Brief Items.

## NEW OXFORD

New Oxford—Mrs. Borland, of Meredith, N. H., a native of New Oxford, spent a few days with friends in this place, and with her grandmother, Mrs. Gobrecht, in Gettysburg.

George A. Klingel spent several days with his son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Walker, in Baltimore.

Stanley Miller and friend, of Millersburg, spent Saturday night and Sunday at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Miller.

Miss Neely Staub, housekeeper for Bishop Corrigan, in Baltimore, spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. A. J. Martin and family, near the cross-pikes.

Mrs. Maggie Robinson, a former teacher in the local parochial schools, and widow of V. S. Robinson, of Baltimore, is spending some time with friends in town and vicinity.

Mrs. Guy Miller spent the past week with friends at York.

Those who spent Sunday with R. D. Weaver and family, Oxford township, were: Robert Weaver, wife and daughters, Ruth and Jeanette, of near Hunterstown; Charles Redding and family and Miss Hazel Cromer, of near Hanover.

L. J. Feiser, wife and son, and Mrs. Annie Spangler, of East Berlin, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. McGrail, on Sunday.

## YORK SPRINGS

York Springs—William Fail has rented the Harmony farm owned by Postmaster Houck, of Heidlersburg, and will move there in the spring.

Mrs. P. J. Bolen, who has been spending the past two years with her son, Wilson Bolen, of Philadelphia, has returned to Bendersville.

Mrs. Zinn and son, Royal Zinn, and family, of Gettysburg, were the guests of C. J. Griest and family on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Myers went to Washington, D. C., in their Ford car on last Saturday and returned home on Sunday evening having had a very enjoyable trip. While in the Capitol city they were the guests of their son, Paul F. Myers.

John Nestor and wife, of Shiremanstown, visited his mother, Mrs. James Speelman, on Sunday.

Rev. Luther W. McGarvey attended the Mid-Year Institute at Danville, Pa., last week and on Tuesday attended a meeting of the Masons at Catawissa, where he had joined that order while a pastor there.

On Saturday Rev. L. M. Gardner celebrated his 83d birthday anniversary by assisting in harvesting the large crop of apples on Meadow Hill Farm.

A letter received by Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Wolf, from their daughter, Mrs. Luther Gardner, of Conrad, Montana, states that snow has been falling there at intervals for the past week. The natives had told Mrs. Gardner that she could not raise pumpkins in that country but she sent home for seeds and this year, by irrigation, raised a large quantity of the Thanksgiving vegetables which found ready sale at three and one half cents a pound.

Misses Catherine and Esther Trostle have returned to their home in Harrisburg after a visit to the home of their uncle, William C. Van Scoyoc.

## TRACT

Tract—Joseph Reeves, Mr. and Mrs. Alva Diffenderfer and two daughters, all of Waynesboro, spent several days with George Warren and family.

A number of people from this vicinity accompanied the moving of Grayson Ecker to Waynesboro on Tuesday.

Phillips Stambury, and family, visited George Warren on Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. George Warren spent Sunday with I. N. Warren.

BIGLERVILLE entertainment course tickets now on sale at Thomas' Store and Biglerville Bank. First entertainment, November 10, Madell Concert Company.—advertisement 1

WANTED: stocked farm. Apply Times office.—advertisement 1



# THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

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BELL PHONE UNITED PHONE  
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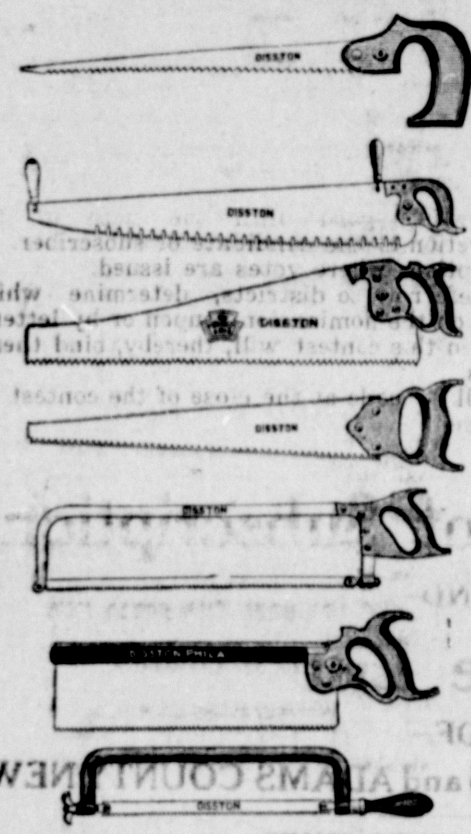
Want ads. One cent per word each insertion. Two cents a word if guaranteed first page position. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials one cent per word.

## TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in our general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by The American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan. Our advertising columns are open to all candidates of all parties.

## Here are a few of the Saws

ON EXHIBITION IN OUR WINDOW.



Hundreds of other every day Tools are shown too.

When you look over exhibits on Farmers' Day See these.

Adams County Hardware Co.

## Apple : Picking : Supplies

Pointed Friut Ladders	12 cents a foot.
Automatic Extension Ladders	16 cents a foot.
Tilley Ladders	25 cents a foot.
Oak Picking Baskets	30 cents each.
Barrel Presses	\$1.25 each.
Picking Bags	\$1.00 each.

## Bigham's Hardware Store

Biglerville, Pa.

## FOR SALE

Desirable Thirty Acre Property, between Guernsey and Center Mills, improved with Brick House and Out-buildings. A farm with good fruit land in the center of the apple belt.

Apply.

E. D. Heiges,  
Biglerville National Bank.

## THE HOTEL FOR WOMEN. MARTHA WASHINGTON

EAST 29TH STREET.  
Near Madison Ave., Two Blocks from Broadway  
NEW YORK CITY

A modern high class fireproof hotel, situated in the most desirable residential section in New York, convenient to the leading department stores, theatre, &c.

Here is a hotel where the ladies can come to New York and find excellent accommodations.

\$1.50 per day and up.

It is the only hotel catering to women exclusively. It has every modern improvement. All rooms are very large and the service at this famous hotel is known the World over. Special rates for long terms.

BOOKLET ON APPLICATION

## OSTEND OCCUPIED BY GERMANS

Berlin Announces Occupation of Belgian City.

## THE ALLIES MAKE GAINS

Teuton Attack Northwest of Verdun Repulsed and French Are Within Twelve Miles of Metz.

London, Oct. 17.—Dispatches from Berlin state that it is officially announced there that Ostend has been occupied by the German troops.

The troops are said to have entered the city on Thursday. The occupation is confirmed, according to Rotterdam and Amsterdam dispatches, by refugees arriving at the Dutch frontier. The Ostend correspondent of the London Globe, says that German cavalry patrols entered the city as early as Tuesday.

The Rotterdam correspondent of the Daily News, after reporting the occupation of Ostend, says:

"Northeast of Ostend the Germans have been rapidly pushing forward to the coast. Their outposts were seen at a village not far from the popular watering place of Knocke.

"The main army from Antwerp advancing westward on Ostend is practically isolated except by the coast road to Dunkirk.

"Eight hundred Uhlans entered the city of Bruges and took possession of the Hotel de Ville."

The British press is inclined to class the taking of Ostend with that of Antwerp. In other words, they concede that it is a moral and spectacular victory for the Germans, but of no great strategic significance. Whether this is so future events only can show, but the British contention is that with the sea binding the German right it loses a weapon heretofore effectively used.

It is pointed out that the chief successes the Germans have attained in the past have been derived from the tactics of envelopment. The Channel barrier now prevents this, and a decisive blow from the Germans, it is argued, can be delivered only after the allied front has been penetrated.

The official bulletins are as follows:

PARIS.—"On our left wing the action continues vigorously. Everywhere we have held our own. At certain points we have gained ground and have occupied Laventie at the east of Estaires in the direction of Lille.

"There is no important incident to mention on the other parts of the front, except an unsuccessful attack by the Germans in the region of Malancourt, northwest of Verdun.

"The progress indicated in the communication of Thursday has been confirmed.

"On our left wing the field of action of the allied forces extends at the present time from the region of Ypres to the sea."

(Official dispatch to French embassy, Washington). "The Germans have advanced from Audenarde (in Belgium, fifteen miles east of Courtrai), toward Courtrai. The enemy occupy a line of defense Merol-Armentieres-Givency. To the west of La Basse he is in contact with our troops between that locality and Arras. A violent combat took place northwest of Lens to Vermelles, which resulted in our favor. We have taken Hannescamps, southwest of Arras."

BERLIN.—"The Germans occupied Bruges on Oct. 14 and Ostend on Oct. 15.

"Official headquarters reports that near Antwerp between 4000 and 5000 prisoners were taken, that among the war booty are 500 cannon, 4000 tons of grain and plenty of wool, metal and cattle. The harbor works are undamaged.

"The French attacks near Albert (twenty miles northeast of Amiens) have been repulsed."

Whether Ostend was bombarded or whether it surrendered without a shot is not yet known. The German advance to and from Bruges is known to have been contested bitterly by the allied forces rushed to the north after the capture of Antwerp, when it became apparent that Ostend and the French channel towns were the next objective of the invaders. It is likely, however, that to save the city from destruction the allied forces were all withdrawn before the approach of the Germans.

Stubborn fighting still rages, however, in the new battle area comprising the western end of Belgium and the northernmost part of France. Reinforcements are being rushed to this section by both sides, and bloodier fighting may be seen here in the next day or so than has been witnessed since the battle of the Aisne began.

With the great battle line now extending from the eastern boundary of France to the North sea, military experts predict that the fighting at the extreme ends is bound to be decisive and likely to bring to an early end the fighting which has raged for five weeks. The last twenty-four hours have developed the fact that once again the French have extended the fighting to German territory, this time stretching their lines to within twelve miles of Metz.

A dispatch from Paris says that the

M. TURPIN.

Inventor of Turpentine, Poisonous Gas Enclosed in Shells.



This is the inventor of turpentine, the deadly gas which has been inclosed in French shells. It is said that one of these shells, weighing fifty-six pounds will kill every one in a space of 400 yards at where it explodes. M. Turpin, the inventor, is shown in his laboratory. Scores of Germans have been found dead in trenches without a single wound in localities where this shell has been used. The French, however, are about to abandon its use because of the great danger in firing it.

French are pressing toward Metz from two directions and that they hope to lay siege to the city within a week. Metz is surrounded by a circle of the strongest fortresses in the German empire.

The advance guard of the French forces is only about twelve miles from the outer works of Metz. It is believed the French have no guns of sufficient caliber at the eastern front to attempt to reduce the Metz forts.

The Germans are working night and day erecting new and stronger fortifications around Strasbourg, says a message to Chassio, Switzerland. The telegram states many fugitives from southern Alsace are flocking into Switzerland. Shells fired across the Swiss frontier have started forest fires.

"Important German reinforcements, especially artillery, have been sent to the west front," cables the Copenhagen correspondent of Reuters' Telegram company. "My informant, who has just returned here, met at Brandenburg twenty-eight trains of reinforcements in one hour, all packed with men and horses. He estimates the number of troops to be between 300,000 and 400,000."

"The severe fighting of the past few days has been mainly in the northwest of France," says the Paris correspondent of the London Express, "and has resulted strongly in favor of the allies."

## MANY AMERICANS WITH CANDIANS

Montreal Newsboy Stowaway With Troops.

Salisbury, Eng., Oct. 17.—Beginning before dawn from stations within a radius of ten miles, Canadian troops have been pouring into camps prepared for them on the Salisbury plains, near here.

The notes of "It's a Long, Long Way to Tipperary," mingled with the Spanish-American War favorite "There'll Be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight," and American ragtime tunes, resounded in the quiet English dale. Along the roads the troops everywhere were received with enthusiasm.

Riding at the head of the supply convoy was a small Montreal newsboy, who had stowed away on a transport. This little chap, in spite of the fact that he was almost lost in the folds of an army coat loaned him by a good hearted Highlander, was nearly frozen, but he insisted on practicing the bugle proficiency in which he hopes will give him a chance to go to the front.

There is a surprising number of naturalized Americans among these Canadian forces. A sergeant of a Montreal regiment, asked concerning his previous war experiences, replied in an American drawl. Incidentally he mentioned that he was a veteran of Admiral Dewey's flagship in the battle of Manila bay. In many regiments social distinctions have been obliterated and men of fortune, with degrees from American and Canadian colleges, are serving as privates.

Shells Fall in Swiss Town. Geneva, Oct. 17.—A violent artillery combat occurred near the Swiss frontier in the region of Ferrette, Pfetterhausen, Seppers and Belsel. During the firing ten shells fell into the Swiss village of Largin, near Bonfol, doing material damage only. The German casualties in the fight, according to reports which have reached Geneva, were between 600 and 800, but those of the French are not known.

SALESMAN: salary and expenses. Experience unnecessary. Permanent. General Agency opening, FAIRVIEW NURSERY, Rochester, N. Y.—advertisement

FOR RENT: house 21 Breckinridge street. Apply Wm. H. Johns.—advertisement

## BRITISH WARSHIP TORPEDO'S PREY

Cruiser Hawke Sunk by German Submarine.

350 LIVES ARE LOST

Only Fifty-two of Crew of 400 Were Saved—German Score Now Stands Seven English Warships Destroyed.

London, Oct. 17.—Another thrust from the German submarine service has robbed the British navy of the cruiser Hawke, and has raised the tally of British warships sunk by the Germans to seven.

To this record must be added the virtual destruction of the cruiser Pegasus by a German warship at Zanzibar.

The Hawke, a cruiser of 7350 tons, under command of Captain Hugh P. E. T. Williams, was sunk in the North sea, the graveyard of six other warships, which were the victims of German torpedoes.

It was only bad luck on the part of the German gunners which saved the Hawke's sister ship, the Thesus, and the doubling of the disaster, for that vessel, too, was attacked, but she escaped.

The exact complement aboard the Hawke has not been announced, but in ordinary times the men numbered 550. As she was built several years ago it is probable that her crew was not up to the full complement. According to one report, she had only 400 aboard. Whatever the number, only fifty-two men were saved, and there was not a single commissioned officer among them.

The cruisers Amphion, Pathfinder, Aboukir, Cressy, Hogue, Pegasus and Hawke and the torpedo gunboat Speedy make up the British formidable list of losses in warships in the first ten weeks of the war.

Against this the British admiralty claims four German cruisers, two torpedo boat destroyers, one torpedo boat, three submarines and eight armed commerce destroyers.

Omitting the armed merchantmen, the aggregate warship tonnage lost to England is much greater than that to Germany. In both cases, the lost ships, with the exception of the cruiser Amphion and the submarines, were older craft used for scouting purposes, the ships intended for sterner work of a fleet action, being held in safer waters for the day when Germany elects to ally from behind her naval base of Helgoland.

Sydney Austin, the boatswain, believes he bears a charmed life. He was one of the few survivors of the cruiser Hogue. After the sinking of this vessel he was transferred to the Hawke. Thus, within a few weeks, he has survived two submarine attacks.

## BOER REBELS WITHDRAW

2000 Mutineers Retreat After Encounter With British Force.

Cape Town, South Africa, Oct. 17.—A number of secret arrests of Boers and others suspected of having anti-British sympathies have been made.

Premier Botha reports that all vestiges of rebellion are being stamped out and that the army is loyal to the South African Union.

A correspondent with General Lukens, leader of the British forces sent against German Southwest Africa, sends the following report of operations:

"The Germans have withdrawn to the interior, leaving a belt about fifty miles wide of sheer desert between our camp and theirs. They have polluted the water holes. The week was marked by numerous sharp encounters between their patrols and ours. About half a dozen Germans were captured.

"The prisoners stated that a number of their wounded were lying in the hills dying of thirst. They feared to surrender because they had been warned that the British would execute them summarily."

## Tsing-Tau Again Bombarded.

Tokio, Oct. 17.—An official announcement says that Japanese and British warships again bombarded Tsing-Tau and Hui-chuan forts at Tsing-Tau, Wednesday, and that an aeroplane destroyed part of the batteries of the forts. In the fighting one British seaman was killed and two seamen were injured.

## Belgian Prisoners Turn on Captors.

Rotterdam, Oct. 17.—A detachment of 15,000 Belgians, who fled from Antwerp and had been captured by the Germans, have taken up a position near the Dutch line and threaten to fight to the death. They are digging trenches and laying in provisions against a siege by the German troops.

## Sears Left \$17,000,000.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—The will of Robert W. Sears, founder of Sears, Roebuck & Co., filed here for probate, disposes of an estate estimated at \$17,000,000. He died at a sanatorium in Waukesha, Wis., on Sept. 28. The entire estate is left to his widow, who is the sole executrix.

## President May Go South.

Washington, Oct. 17.—President Wilson may make a visit to Pass Christian, Miss., some time this winter. Representative Harrison extended the invitation and the president has promised to consider repeating this visit of last year.

## WANTED: farmer, experienced,

married. To start April 1st, 1915. Address Times office.—advertisement

## REAR ADMIRAL CHRISTIAN.

British Naval Officer Watching German Fleet.



## TAKE 22 GERMANS IN LONDON POLICE RAID

Building With Concrete Roof and Foundations Suspicious.

London, Oct. 17.—The police have found at Willesden, a suburb to the northwest of London, a building occupied by Germans, with foundations and roof of heavy concrete. They arrested twenty-two Germans on the premises.

It was the first raid of the kind to be executed on English soil, and attracted enormous crowds, who hoisted the prisoners as they were led out.

The premises were being used by C. G. Roeber, a German music publisher, as a factory.

The police laid their plans and conducted a successful raid. In large force they surrounded the building and then entered it and took into custody twenty-two German subjects.

The factory is a one-story building, within they found very thick concrete foundations, and it was discovered that the roof also was of concrete and between three and four feet thick.

The site of this factory at Willesden commands several important railroad junctions, and it is declared would furnish an excellent station for signalling to German air craft. The Paris premises of this same firm were blown up recently on orders issued by the French government.

## GERMANS' LEVY ON ANTWERP

Fopp, Wine, Cigars and Pay For the Army of Occupation.

London, Oct. 17.—The Amsterdam correspondent of Reuters' Telegram company sends a dispatch in which he quotes Councillor Langnor, of Antwerp, as describing the situation in Antwerp as follows:

"Antwerp now has a garrison of 17,000 marines and 200 officers, commanded by an admiral. As a war contribution the Germans demanded 300 weight of potatoes daily, 2000 bottles of wine, bread for the whole garrison, \$5,000 cigars, 8500 kilograms of meat and pay for the officers and soldiers estimated at \$10,000 daily."

## PALMER NOT TO WITHDRAW

White House Says Candidate is to Fight to Finish.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Denial was made at the White House that Representative A. Mitchell Palmer, Democratic candidate for the United States senate from Pennsylvania, is to withdraw from the race.

So far as the White House knows, there has never been the remotest suggestion that Mr. Palmer would withdraw, and President Wilson is confident that he will win his fight.

## "Mystery" Ship Taken.

London, Oct. 17.—A "mystery" ship which is reported to have been a German craft trying to plant mines off the mouth of the Thames, has been captured by British gunboats off the Goodwin sands. Neither the admiralty nor the press bureau would give any information about the capture or the character of the captive.

## WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
Albany.....	58	Cloudy.
Atlantic City.....	66	Cloudy.
Boston.....	58	Rain.
Buffalo.....	64	P. Cloudy.
Chicago.....	58	Cloudy.
New Orleans.....	68	Clear.
New York.....	64	Rain.
Philadelphia.....	68	Rain.
St. Louis.....	54	Rain.
Washington.....	70	Cloudy.

The Weather. Local rains today; fair tomorrow; variable winds.

## A Poser.

We have been trying to figure out why it is that the uglier the fashion the prettier the woman seems, but we give it up.—Columbus (O.) Journal.

## PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Paragraphs of News Telling of the Happenings in and about Town People Visiting Here and Those Sojourning Elsewhere.

Miss Matilda Grove has returned from the Children's Hospital, Philadelphia, where she is a trained nurse, to spend a two weeks' vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Grove.

Miss Elizabeth Delone, Harrisburg; Misses Anna and Mary Felix, Emmitsburg, are guests of Miss Mary Ramer at her home on Baltimore street.

Henry B. Nightingale, of Philadelphia, is spending several days here with town and college friends.

Miss Constance Beidelman, Miss Margaret Wilson and Miss Riley, of Harrisburg; Miss Florence Nickles, of Shippensburg, and Miss Laura Grove, of Philadelphia, are guests at the home of Mrs. Guyon H. Buehler, Carlisle street.

Mrs. Diehl, of Marion, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Swartz, on Baltimore street.

Joseph H. Fritchey, of Woodbury, New Jersey, is at the home of his mother, Mrs. E. H. True, East Middle street for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Dugan, of Keyser, West Virginia, are guests of Mrs. I. J. Grenoble at her home on Baltimore street.

J. Calvin Hartman has returned from Philadelphia, and John Sachs and John Blocher from Baltimore to spend the week-end at their homes in Gettysburg.

Miss Margaret Lerew, of Shippensburg is visiting Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Thompson, East High street.

Mrs. John T. Koser and two sons, of Leitersburg, Md., are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles K. Little, Chambersburg street.

## OUR MERRY CHRISTMAS TO THE POOR KIDDIES ABROAD.

A Noble Work in Which an Army of American Women Is Engaged.

Not a day passes without news of more killings in the frightful strife in which Europe is engaged and some men have calculated that by next Christmas 1,000,000 children will be fatherless because of the war.

It is to bring at least a little Christmas joy to these orphans that almost 2,000,000 American women have started a fund to send Yuletide remembrances abroad early in December. Contributions are being received by one newspaper in all the principal cities of the United States.

The Red Cross society is interested in the work and will help in the distribution of gifts. The latter will be sent in holiday boxes and will include a doll, a stocking full of candy, a bag of nuts, a Christmas card and a few pennies for each girl recipient and the same for the boys, with the exception that for them a toy will take the place of a doll.

The Christmas packages are to go to all the nations at war, the offering being strictly impartial.

Mrs. John Hays Hammond, wife of the eminent mining engineer, is chairman of the advisory board of the Christmas fund committee. Mrs. Eva MacDonald Valesh, an editor, is the treasurer.

The state presidents of the Woman's club movement are acting as a national committee with Mrs. Hammond and Mrs. Valesh. There are 1,700,000 members enrolled in the various organizations working actively for the success of this laudable enterprise.

## COTTON BALL IS NEXT.

Women of Washington to Set Country Wide Example to Aid the South.

At a recent meeting of the officials and other leading spirits of the Southern society of Washington it was decided to devote the October and November meetings of the society to the furtherance of the great southern and national movement in the interest of the south's leading product—cotton. The November meeting will resolve itself into a grand cotton ball, which is expected to set the pace for similar balls all over the United States.

The officers of the society, who are entering into hearty co-operation toward the perfection of the plans proposed, include Claude N. Bennett, president, and Josephus Daniels, secretary of the navy, general vice president. Aiding them and really directing the affair and co-ordinating the many details necessary to success are committees of prominent social leaders.



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# GRAPHIC CHAPTERS IN NEWS OF GREATEST WAR DRAMA IN HISTORY

Pitiful Scenes Mark the Flight  
of Belgians to Foreign Soil.

Frenchman Lauds German  
Discipline—Army One  
Great Machine.

DESCRIBING the suffering of Belgians fleeing their country, a London Daily News writer gives a graphic picture of the horrors of war. His story comes from Bergen-op-Zoom. Extracts are here given:

The fitful flames of little campfires throw a curious light on the haggard faces of the refugees who are crowding around to warm their bodies, the fires in which are running very low from absence of food.

It is but one of many such scenes here, down on the edge of the earthly hades from which these silent people were driven. You cannot escape them once you enter this vortex of human misery in which I have been caught.

Yonder in the clearing the refugees have fashioned with their sheets tents fearfully and wonderfully made. Some other city dwellers with an odd sense of country life reawakened by their plight have cunningly erected huts like schoolboys make when they wish to be particularly realistic in the desire to play gypsies.

Ever hospitable, Holland cannot at a moment's notice provide homes and shelter for nearly half a million people.

## Clutch Madly at Food.

Nearly 10,000 thick meat sandwiches which our party prepared were given away to people, in many cases positively ravenous. Eager hands grabbed for food, women with children in their arms appealed loudly, from the edge of crowds old men and women almost crying for joy accepted the aid.

At Wouw we found the military and Red Cross people without leaves for the multitude. In the schoolrooms tired women were sleeping on straw, but their children were crying for food and drink. We left them big baskets, which soon were wrenched open, and at the request of the commandant went to Heerlen.

"They are starving there," he said, and when we arrived we found it was only too true. Sisters of Mercy had done their utmost, but the people were still unfed. They conducted us to a barn filled with refugees. When they learned the nature of our mission they dashed out from the dark recess in a mass. Soldiers helped us to see that women with children received the first aid.

## Kaiser's Iron Discipline.

A distinguished French artist who was sent to the front to get inspiration for war pictures was captured by the Germans at St. Gerard, near Namur. He gives the following accounts of his experiences:

"I was placed in the middle of a marching column, and as I was loaded with my knapsack and coat (a soldier near to me carrying my papers) I could take part in the sensations of the men under the iron discipline of the officers.

"Never were we allowed to open our mouths as I had seen the marching Belgians do and let the air circulate. We plodded on the whole day, the only rest being when there was an occasional block on the road. The march was as if on parade. Should one fall out of step the shouts of his superior soon brought him up.

"Now and then men were waiting with buckets, and as the column swayed by the soldiers dipped in their aluminum cups. Another man would be holding a biscuit tin full of sweets, or it might be handfuls of prunes, but still the march went on.

## Postmen Stand by Marchers.

"It was remarkable to see the field postoffice at work. The armed, blue coated postmen stood by the marching column receiving the postcards handed to them. Sometimes an officer would hand over a fowling piece or antique with the address hanging from it.

"At noon I was handed over to officers, and I left the regiment. I was on the box seat of a char-a-banc full of officers and could observe the marvelous organization of the column. The pace was at a walk, but continuous.

"Ammunition wagons, fieldpieces, carts filled with flour, whole trains of enormous pontoons pulled by heavy horses and great traction engines pulling siege guns, landaus and motorcars filled with doctors and officers whose only distinguishing mark is a strip of color at the neck—all advanced at the same pace.

## All Advance at Same Pace.

"Should a slight block occur the whole column would stop as one train, the drivers passing the message back by a pumping movement made with the fist on high. The warring of a decolity or bend in the road passed backward like musketry fire. All vehicles belonged to the army. Some had chalked on their gray sides, 'Belin-Paris.'

"Sometimes the column would be an enormous gray motor omnibus dash by, and through the glass sides I saw staff officers bending over maps. Every driver and service man carried his weapons, the great wagons simply bristling with rifles.

"At last, at a village near the French frontier, I was set down in the 'bus.

## Brass Dies Last Long.

With proper care brass dies for printing upon wood have been known to make more than 2,000,000 impressions before wearing out.

tered mairie, where, at a long table lighted by the unshaded light of lamps, staff officers were quickly writing, giving out orders between the puffs of cigarettes. At a word the aids-de-camp stood at attention, clicking their boots, their hands at the side like a statue.

"After sleeping in the open hall the next morning I was given papers to return, one staff officer kindly giving me the used half of his military map."

## A Shocking Revelation.

"I have just heard a story poignant in its misery," says a Bordeaux correspondent of the London Times.

"A mother went to see her son at a hospital. He was lying comfortably tucked in bed, his head wrapped in a bandage.

"'You do not suffer much?' she asked anxiously.

"'Non, petite mere,' replied the soldier, 'pas trop.'

"'The day is fine,' she continued. 'Let us go for a little turn in the garden. Your head will be all the better for it,' and she pointed to his bandaged brow.

"'Excuse me, mother, dear,' he said; 'I am a little fatigued.'

"'Well, tomorrow?'

"'Yes; perhaps tomorrow,' and she departed, happy in the thought of seeing him the next day. When it came and the invitation was renewed it was again declined. With a little less assurance the maternal heart became suspicious.

"'But you must be wounded more seriously than you said,' she said anxiously.

"'Bend near, mother, and I will tell you.'

"'My two legs and my left arm have gone.'

"The shock was terrible; her beloved boy, so handsome, so charming in his nature! No, no; it could not be true! When the truth could no longer be denied on evidence of a frightened glance, she rushed a demented creature from the ward, crying out her misery."

## Amid Whistling Shells.

Arthur Ruhl, a correspondent, arriving in London told of some thrilling experiences during the bombardment of Antwerp. He was under fire several times, especially when he accompanied a British surgeon into the zone between the inner and middle forts where they were caught between cross fires.

"I've seen all the war I want to witness," said Mr. Ruhl. "Like most other people, I've read the hackneyed expression that shells whistle, through the air, but I know now that they whistle louder than they do in any book."

"Through the courtesy of a British surgeon I was given the opportunity to enter the zone of combat in his automobile. We could see no Germans nor could we see shells, but we could hear them coming through the air after the distant boom of guns. My head began to feel hot, and I took off my hat. A moment after I had uncovered my head a badly timed shrapnel shell from the Belgian forts at our backs broke above our heads like a terrific thunderclap, and a piece of the shell shot past two yards from our heads. I then put on my hat, which, of course, wouldn't have helped much, if any shrapnel came closer, but I felt more comfortable after that with it on."

"We had gone only a short distance when a German shell hit the road fifty feet in front of us and burst. Then one landed closer. It hit the ground so near to us that the sand was thrown into our faces. Even the surgeon decided it was getting unpleasant. When he took me back to town and we were about to separate a German shell came screaming through the air. I darted into another street just about the time it crashed into some houses."

## Oddities In the War News.

Frank Diedmeyer has resigned as United States consul at Chemnitz, Germany, because it made the Germans mad to hear his wife speak English, the only language she knows.

One way German air men indicate the position of the enemy is by dropping long strips of tinsel, which glitter in the sun as they writhe toward the ground.

A German machine gun that greatly annoyed the French was inaccessible, so a corps recruited in a coal mining district drove a mine gallery fifty-five yards long up to and under the emplacement and blew up the gun.

## Won a Coffin on the Brakes.

D. J. Coffey an engineer of the Winsted (Conn.) fire department, won a coffin as the result of the Braves defeating the Athletics in the world's series. So confident was C. O. Huggins, an undertaker of Collinsville, that the Athletics would win that he wagered a coffin against a new hat with Coffey. As the Braves clinched the championship Huggins packed a coffin large enough to hold Coffey, who weighs about 230 pounds, for shipment to Winsted in payment of his bet.

## Frozen Without Ice.

Ice cream is frozen without ice in a new English freezer that is a miniature refrigerating plant, using compressed carbonic acid gas.

## CHURCH NOTICES

**COLLEGE LUTHERAN**  
A. E. Wagner D. D., pastor. 9:45 a. m., Bible School, Edgar A. Crouse, superintendent. 10:45 a. m., morning worship with sermon by the pastor. Theme: "The Vision of a Larger Horizon". 6:00 p. m., Christian Endeavor meeting, George A. Trundle leader. Topic: "A Saloonless Nation". 7:00 p. m., evening worship with sermon by the pastor. Theme: "The Uncomprehended Motive".

### EPISCOPAL

St. Luke's Day. Sunday School, 9:45; morning service, 10:30, subject, "Lessons on St. Luke's Life". Evening service, 7:30. Subject, "St. Luke's Gospel."

### CHURCH OF THE BRETHREN

Stratton Street: Sunday School, 9:30; preaching, 10:30, by Rev. J. H. Brindle; preaching 7:00 p. m., by Bishop Hollinger. Friends' Grove: Sunday School, 9:30; preaching, 10:30, by Bishop Hollinger. Mummaburg: preaching, 10 o'clock, by Rev. B. F. Lightner.

### REFORMED

Sunday School, 9:15 a. m.; church service, 10:30 a. m., subject, "The Power to Forgive Sin". Brotherhood of Andrew and Philip will meet at 6 o'clock p. m. Church service at 7 p. m., subject, "How We have Learned Christ."

### METHODIST

Sunday School, 9:30, with Rally Day exercises; preaching, 10:30, subject "Divine Certainty vs Human Instability"; junior service, 2:30; Epworth League, 6:15, subject, "A Nation without a Saloon". Leader, H. A. Crouse.

### UNITED BRETHREN

Preaching Sunday evening at 7 o'clock.

### BIGLERVILLE U. B.

Centre Mills: preaching, 10:00, Calvary, preaching, 2:30. Biglerville: Sunday School, 10:00; Union Christian Endeavor, 2:00; Senior Christian Endeavor, 6:45; preaching, 7:30. Rev. H. T. Denlinger, pastor.

### FAIRFIELD LUTHERAN

The usual Sunday services. At 6 o'clock in the evening the Christian Endeavor society will have their service. Subject: "A Saloonless Nation, Why and How."

### FAIRFIELD REFORMED

Rev. D. W. Woods will preach on Sunday evening at 7 o'clock on "A Short Bed and a Narrow Cover."

### FRIENDS' MEETING HOUSE

W. Russell Green, as assistant of Prof. Pierson in Chautauqua work, will make an address on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Subject "The Church and the State". All are welcome.

### YORK SPRINGS M. E.

York Springs: Sunday School, 9:30; Communion service, 10:30; Epworth League, 7:30. Rock Chapel: Sunday School, 1:30; Communion service, 2:30. Hunterstown. Sunday School, 1:30; Communion service 7:30 and revival service each night during week. Luther W. McGarvey, pastor.

### HUNTERSTOWN PRESBYTERIAN

Services at Hunterstown at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday School, 9:30. Services at York Springs, 2:30 p. m.

### BENDER'S REFORMED

Sunday School at 9 a. m. Morning worship at 10 a. m. Sermon on "The Church, the Habitation of God." ARENDTSTOWN REFORMED Sunday School at 1 p. m. and church service at 2 p. m. Christian Endeavor at 6 p. m.

### SALEM U. B.

Preaching Sunday morning at 10:30 by Rev. Mr. Glenn.

### Hate the Cause of Baldness.

Baldness is a matter of headgear. The doctors are fairly well agreed upon that. Men grow bald more frequently than women because of the hats they wear. It is true that women wear bigger and often heavier hats than men, but they attach them to their hair and not to their scalps, hence they permit ventilation and do not constrict the veins, while men's hats, with their hard, tight-fitting brims not only permit no air to enter, but constrict the blood vessels all around the head.

### Dexterous Dentist.

"It was a dreadful moment," said the dentist. "I was bathing quietly when the great cavernous jaws of the shark opened before me." "What did you do?" asked one of the ladies. "I took my forceps out of the pocket of my bathing-suit and pulled his teeth before he had a chance to seize me. It was the quickest and neatest bit of work I ever did."

### Money in Kangaroo Raising.

In Australia kangaroo farming is an important industry. The hides are valuable, and the tendons are the best known to surgeons for sewing up wounds, and especially for holding broken bones together, being much finer and tougher than catgut.

### Accepted.

"You're a mighty poor talker, especially to the girls. How did you raise the nerve to propose to Miss Sweet?" "Oh, I didn't say much of anything to her. I handed her a solitary ring and she slipped it on her left forefinger and said: 'All right; it fits!'"

### Dark Night.

"It's a dark night, is it?" asked the girl. "Yes," answered the boy. "It is a dark night," answered the girl. "It is a dark night," answered the boy. "It is a dark night," answered the girl.

## BIG RUSH ON SPECIAL OFFER

Many of the Extra Vote Ballots  
are Issued and New Subscriptions  
are Coming in by the Hundreds.  
Interest Wide-Spread.

Extra votes by the thousands are being issued to-day. Contestants from all over the territory are turning in new subscriptions and taking advantage of the big special offer that is now in force. From present indications this offer will by far exceed what was originally expected of it and it will be the greatest vote harvest in the entire contest.

And on this offer the contestants who expect to win, must get busy. Not a person whose name is on the list can afford to waste a single moment of this precious time, nor can they afford to let a single subscription go over the end of this offer.

So start out to-day and lay your plans for the next week. Make these plans so that you can cover the most ground and see the most people possible. Explain the special offer to them and make them understand just what it will mean to you to get their subscription in before this offer expires. Do this and you will have little trouble in getting subscriptions and you will find at the end of the week that you have accomplished much more than you ever thought was possible.

And now while this special offer is on, make an appeal to your friends for help. Explain the offer to them and show them how much their help will mean to you during this offer. Give them a receipt book and let them get out and hustle subscriptions for you. They can do as much as you can yourself and will add materially to your total of votes and make your chances of winning that much better.

### DISTRICT NUMBER ONE

This district includes all of the territory in the city of Gettysburg. At least three prizes will go to this district.

Mrs. C. K. Hartzell 10,610  
Miss Jessie Trimmer 50,370  
Mrs. Annie M. Wentz 10,470  
Miss Rhoda Breighner 5060  
Mrs. Geo. C. Fissel 6740  
George Taylor 5000  
C. Wm. Troxel 5089  
John D. Lippy Jr. 12,780  
Mrs. Henry Garlach 5400  
Miss Mary Ramey 10,230  
P. W. Stallsmith 5000  
Miss Eileen Powers 5430  
Miss Mary Kohler 5270  
Harry Geiselman 5100  
Mrs. Moses Bair 22,850  
Elizabeth Van Cleave 5180  
Miss Anna McSherry 5190  
Miss Marguerite Frommeyer 9,480  
Miss Anna Reek 5240  
Miss Ruth Faber 36,520  
Jacob A. Appler 5010  
Elizabeth Van Cleave 5490  
Miss Lizzie Martin 5410  
Mrs. E. H. Markley 5310  
Miss Anna Gilliland 5470  
Miss Amy Sheads 5400  
Miss Harry Culp 5310  
Miss Margaret Willis 10,430  
Fred Hummelbaugh 47,840  
Pauline Rudisill 5240  
Miss Nellie Kelley 5610  
Miss Elsie Sherman 5080  
Mrs. Jessie Easterday 18,040  
Harry B. Sefton 5050  
Mrs. Jacob Mumper 5130  
Miss Lily Dougherty 6960  
Mrs. Carrie Weikert 5840  
Miss Janet Robertson 5680  
Mrs. Wm. McG. Tawney 5210  
Donald Stallsmith 5070  
Mrs. Tyson Tipton 17,400  
Mrs. J. Allen Holtzworth 5080  
Samuel Weiser 5140  
Joseph Codori 10,240  
Miss Pauline Lestz 9460  
Miss Lillie Dubbs 5230  
James Stock 5410  
Edward Ansegruver 5000  
Mrs. S. M. Stewart 19,930  
William Eckenrode 5010  
Miss Minerva Taughinbaugh 5830  
Radford Lippy 5020  
Katherine Duncan 19,960  
Mrs. Madison Garvin 5240  
Bernard Hoffman 60,890  
Miss Nannie Eicholtz 36,030

### DISTRICT NUMBER TWO

This district includes all of the territory outside of the city of Gettysburg. At least three of the prizes must go to this district.

### ABBOTTSTOWN

Miss Edna Miller 15,230  
John Hale 5000  
Amos Kuhn 5029  
Miss Zita Kalbaugh 18,670  
Miss Lottie Ruth 9460  
Miss Cora Freed 5480  
Miss Laura Alvine 5140  
Miss Amy Wolf 9460  
Miss Della Nagle 5270  
Miss Susie Haas 5160  
Miss Ada Cashman 5380  
Jordy Hafer 5620  
George Metzger 5000

### ARENDTSTOWN

H. K. Raffensperger 5000  
Miss Ella M. Klepper 5020  
Miss Mary Lady 10,680  
Edward S. Wilson 5140  
Miss Lola Wireman 5460  
Miss Emma Culp 5840  
Myron Knouse 5080

### ASPER

Robert Wright 5210  
George M. Rex 5000  
Miss Emma Miller 22,240  
Miss Mable Hewitt 5230  
Miss Mary Eppelman 6100  
Miss Myrtle Albert 5230  
Miss Maud Naylor 17,380  
Ivan Swope 10,240

### BENDERSVILLE

Mrs. Hattie Wright 17,740  
Miss Mabel Dettler 5370  
Mrs. Harvey Quiggle 22,630  
Miss Anna Asper 5180  
Mrs. Mabel Peters 5360  
Mrs. Harvey Hoffman 6080  
Mrs. Harvey Raffensperger 5240  
Miss Ruth Geyer 5370  
Miss Esther Elden 5310  
Mrs. Mary Shepard 22,490

Mrs. Vivian Slusser 5270  
Mrs. Sue Shaffer 10,410

**BIGLERVILLE**  
Paul J. Hoffman 22,400  
Edward L. Bower 10,000  
Mrs. Emory Kuhn 14,400  
Mrs. Charles Rouzer 5460  
Miss Ella Brough 5060  
Miss Margaret Houck 5210  
Danner Peters 5490  
Miss N. Blanche Deatrick 5040  
E. C. Roth 5080  
G. Ward Taylor 5000

**CASHTOWN**  
Miss Helen Kump 5040  
Miss Alda Freed 18,410  
Miss Faith Bream 5140  
Charles Kuhn 5230  
E. G. Miller 5370  
Roy Andrew 5006  
John Lochbaum 5210  
J. A. Deardorff 5260  
Miss Minnie Heiges 10,420  
Mrs. E. J. Bucher 5170  
Miss Maud C. Mickley 29,460  
Mrs. Clara Rebert 5090  
Cleo Hossler 5120  
Albert Lawver 5090  
Miss Verna Orner 14,970  
Guy Bishop 5080

**FAIRFIELD**  
Don Neely 5230  
Milford Musselman 5170  
Alice R. Spangler 32,980  
Harry McGlaughlin 10,360  
Miss Anna Landis 5490  
Miss Martha Moore 22,120  
Mrs. Margaret Allison 6040  
Miss Alma Kittinger 5000

**HUNTERSTOWN**  
Miss Myrtle Beamer 5860  
Earl Smith 5260  
Frank Deatrick 5000  
Miss Nina Wolford 42,960  
Mrs. Frank Weaver 10,430

**IDAVILLE**  
Mrs. R. W. Sieber 10,490  
Earl Myers 5430  
Miss Bertha Groupe 5370  
Miss Velma Christy 5410  
Miss Mary Gardner 5480  
Miss Ethel Sidesinger 10,370  
Mrs. Earl Winand 5640  
Miss Laura Delp 10,720

**IRON SPRINGS**  
D. R. McCreaf 5120  
Augustus Peters 5010  
Miss Mary Gladhill 18,230  
Miss Virgie Bucher 10,160  
Miss Maud B. Reed 10,380  
Frank Watson 5190  
Harvey Herring 5210

**LITLITESTOWN**  
Miss Alta L. Wintrose 6480  
Amos Sponseller 5290  
Miss Ruth Keefer 17,420  
Cloyd Noel 5120  
Prof. Roy D. Knouse 6490  
Ray Gitt 5210  
Miss Nina Sherman 10,240  
Miss Hazel Staveley 5000  
Miss Mary Spangler 38,610  
James Bowers 5000  
Emanuel Wallick 5220  
Charles Barker 5290  
Mervin Miller 5120

**McKNIGHTSTOWN**  
Paul J. Lower 69,550  
Miss Ethel Chronister 5230  
Mrs. Wm. Bittinger 10,370  
Mrs. Abraham Metzler 5190  
Calvin Musselman 5380  
Miss Maud Ketterman 5200

**NEW OXFORD**  
Miss Martha Keeney 5480  
Miss Edna Bower 21,930  
John E. C. Miller 5080  
Emerson Eckert 5230  
John C. Geiselman 5160  
Dr. J. L. Sheetz 10,270  
C. K. Yeager 5140

**ORTANNA**  
Miss Sara C. Stahle 72,260  
Miss Hilda Riggeal 5270  
Miss May Henry 5240  
Miss Edith Mickley 10,160

**YORK SPRINGS**  
H. H. Starry 5460  
Emmett Yohe 5200  
Miss Estella Prosser 24,430  
John Delph 5140  
H. F. Sowers 5090  
Miss Maud Ernst 10,200  
Miss Mollie Albert 18,480  
Miss Fannie Miller 5280  
George M. Gardner 5210  
Ray Coulson 5230

**GETTYSBURG R. 1**  
Miss Edna Arendtz 18,240  
William Sachs 5230  
Maurice Baker 5210  
Ernest Strickhouser 10,310

**GETTYSBURG ROUTE 3**  
Paul Redding 5050  
**GETTYSBURG ROUTE 13**  
Herman W. Maring 67,240  
**GETTYSBURG ROUTE 4**  
Mrs. G. Myers 74,360

**TWO TAVERNS**  
Miss Frances Appler 5060  
Miss Ida Snyder 22,410

**GUERNSEY**  
Miss Edith Peters 5270  
Walter Dentler 48,640

**KLORDA DALE**  
Mrs. Earl Hartman 6830

**TABLE ROCK**  
Philip Bower 17,570  
Clyde Plank 17,430

**SEVEN STARS**  
R. T. Little 5246

**Room For Rent**  
IN CASHTOWN.  
Large room 30 x 50 feet suitable for Store.

Call on or Address.

## TRUSTEES

P. O. S. of A. Camp No. 726  
Cashtown, Pa.

## FOR SALE

Imperial Apples 30 cents per bushel.

## H. Grant Weikert

R. 2. Gettysburg, Pa.

## FOR SALE

125 ACRES OF LAND. Will sell in parts. 70 Acres for Stock Purposes. 35 Acres for Irrigation. 20 Acres in Apples. Two full sets of Buildings, and well timbered. 3 miles from Railroad.

## Jacob Group.

BIGLERVILLE, PENNA.

## Large Cattle Sale!

On my Farm a'ong the Emmittsburg road, 3 miles south of Gettysburg.

Tuesday, October 20, 1914

I will sell the following high grade stock:

40 HEAD OF CATTLE, consisting of 10 Milk Cows, 6 will be fresh by time of sale, with calves by their sides, the balance are winter cows.

15 Heifers, some are fine Holstein, heavy with calf, 12 Fine Steers, ranging in weight from 500 to 700 pounds, 6 Bulls, fit for service, a fine Holstein Bull. Some of these cattle are fat enough for killing. A fine lot of Shoats. Conditions will be made known on day of sale.

Sale will commence at 1 o'clock, sharp, and will be held rain or shine.

James M. Caldwell, Auct.  
C. C. Bream, Clerk.

Samuel B. Vaughn.

## Rules of the Contest.

Any white man or woman, married or single, of good character and residing in this section of Pennsylvania, may become a candidate. It is not necessary to be a subscriber to The Times or News in order to enter. Just fill out the nomination blank on this page and send it to the Contest Manager at the Times office.

No employee of The Times or News or members of his or her immediate family will be allowed to enter the contest.

The voting will be by means of ballots clipped from these papers and by special voting ballots issued on subscriptions.

All remittances must be accompanied by the subscriber's name and address. Receipts once issued to subscribers cannot be transferred and the paper changed to other parties.

Votes once issued cannot be transferred. Neither can votes be bought. They must be secured on subscriptions or by ballots clipped from the paper.

Candidates are not confined to their own districts in securing votes, but may secure subscriptions anywhere in the United States.

Candidates can have anyone anywhere work for them.

Candidates compete only against candidates in their own district for the district prizes, but all have an equal chance to win any of the grand prizes.

In the event of a tie,



# "NEVER TO BED," EDISON'S SLOGAN

Future Man Will Sleep Less,  
Declares Inventor.

AND FINALLY NOT AT ALL.

It May Be a Million Years Before This New "Advance in Civilization," He Admits, but Believes Time Will Come and Also That Humanity Will Live in Double Shifts.

Humanity will have to live in double shifts by and because the world will be so crowded that it will have to sleep less.

By sleeping less it will enormously increase its productive power, for sleep is an absurdity—a bad habit.

Nothing in the world is more dangerous to the efficiency of humanity than too much sleep, except, perhaps, stimulation.

It will have to eat less because the world's population will be so great that its productivity will not keep pace with a per capita consumption as great as that of the present time.

By eating less it will enormously increase its efficiency and happiness and do away with poverty.

These statements by Thomas A. Edison, the great inventor, were drawn out in the course of a long talk occasioned by the thirty-fifth anniversary of his invention of the electric lighting system, says Edward Marshall in an article in the New York Times. Mr. Edison is quoted further on these interesting subjects:

"As a matter of fact a very simple bit of arithmetical figuring will show that by and by humanity will have to live in double shifts, so that there may be room upon the earth for all the people. We are conquering the enemies of life at a great rate. Our increase of the life rate more than makes up for the decrease in the birth rate.

Calla Sleep a Bad Habit.

"I think this matter of sleeping is one of the serious things which humanity must begin to study. I never yet have come across the case of a man who had been hurt by want of sleep.

"There really is no reason why men should go to bed at all, and the man of the future will spend far less time in bed than the man of the present does, just as the man of the present spends far less time in bed than the man of the past did.

"As we have advanced in civilization, the amount of sleep which we have taken has decreased, and as we further advance it further will decrease.

"In the old days man went up and down with the sun. A million years from now he won't go to bed at all. Really, sleep is an absurdity, a bad habit. We can't suddenly throw off the habit of the habit, but we shall throw it off.

Accidental to Bear Out Theory.

"Humanity can adjust itself to almost any circumstances. Not so very long ago we had a good deal of trouble in the factory while we were trying to perfect the disk record for our phonographs, and it was plain enough to me that one reason for it was that our work was too much interrupted by the daily routine of our lives.

"Eight of us then started upon the work with very definite intentions of wasting just as little time as possible.

"For five weeks we put in from 145 to 150 hours a week each at the job. One hundred and fifty hours a week means more than twenty-one hours a day.

"And none of you suffered any ill effects?"

Mr. Edison chuckled. "Ill effects? No. We all gained weight.

"Suppose a crusade which would educate the people might be started which would keep the 90,000,000 people of the United States out of bed one hour each night.

"That would add 365 hours a year to each individual's life, or much more than a month of working days of ten hours each. To the 90,000,000 it would give about 3,500,000,000 hours every year."

## DIVIDING BASEBALL PROFITS.

Smaller Sum to Go Around Than in Previous World's Series.

Due to the shortness of the world's series baseball club owners and national commission this year divide a smaller sum of money than in any world's series since 1910. The attendance at the fourth game, which clinched the championship for the Boston Braves, was 34,365 and the receipts \$62,653. Of this sum the players received \$33,832.62, the club owners \$22,555.08 and the national commission \$6,265.30.

Of the Boston club twenty-six players are eligible to share in the prize money, giving each man \$2,813 should the money be divided evenly. On the Athletics twenty-four players are entitled to divide the loser's end, which would give each Loser \$2,031.68 on a share and share alike basis. The players of neither club have as yet notified the national commission just how the money will be divided. The players receive less money than has fallen to their lot since the series of 1910.

Each of the four umpires receives \$1,000, the money coming from the national commission's percentage of the profits.

New Treatment for Obesity.  
A German physician's new electrical treatment for obesity compels patients to perform muscular work automatically and independently of their will by stimulating their muscles.

## OUR NATION'S PRAYER

With man at war with brother man  
Destruction casts her bloody mail.  
As one we lift our prayers to thee,  
As one, for we are brothers all.

We know that by perverted will  
And not by thy decree or plan,  
Whose end and aim is harmony,  
Is man at war with brother man.

Thy light is always broadly cast,  
And all are equal in thy sight.  
Thy love is greater than thy wrath.  
Encompass with thy love and light.

Let us continue in thy way,  
Not that our own course may be free,  
But thus, pursuant to thy will,  
We may the best be serving thee.

One man, one heart, one voice, one creed,  
In whom has liberty found birth,  
We ask thy mediation, Lord,  
And humbly sue for peace on earth.  
—New York Times.

## PERMANENT DESTRUCTION OF ANTWERP IMPOSSIBLE.

Often Bombarded, but Always Quickly Rebuilt—Due to Port Facilities.

Antwerp repeatedly has been bombarded and otherwise has suffered from the ravages of war, but each time has managed through the wonder of commercial advantages of its position to build itself up again and to resume its place as one of the great ports of the world.

One of the first things history contains about Antwerp is its destruction by the Northern in 836. It was rebuilt and developed its wealth until late in the fifteenth century the trade of Bruges was transferred to it by the German King Maximilian.

The protection of Emperor Charles V. enabled Antwerp to become perhaps the wealthiest city on the continent, surpassing even Venice.

Thousands of the industrious and thrifty citizens of Antwerp were banished and sought refuge in England under the persecutions of the Duke of Alva in the latter part of the sixteenth century, and in 1576 the Spanish soldiers massacred 6,000 citizens, pillaged the town and burned down the central part of it. Eight hundred buildings were destroyed and \$10,000,000 damage to property was done.

Nine years later the city was captured by Duke Alexander of Parma after a fourteen months' siege, in which it suffered severely. The city then lost much of its trade to the Dutch, and the peace of Westphalia completed the destruction of the city's commerce.

With the collapse of the supremacy of Austria, Antwerp took on a new lease of life. Napoleon I. helped the city by constructing a harbor and new quays. In 1814 the city's troubles began again. It was defended against the allies for a time, but finally was surrendered to the British.

In 1830 the Belgian insurgents captured the city, but the Dutch commander, General Chasse, continued to hold the citadel. He bombarded the town periodically, doing great damage, and finally in 1832 the French bombarded the citadel and the town again suffered.

The city did not recover from these calamities to any great extent until 1863, when the right of levying dues on the Scheldt was bought from Holland.

## FOOD HINTS FOR PUPILS.

Pamphlet Tells School Children How to Buy Meats.

The second of a series of pamphlets prepared for distribution in New York's public schools by the mayor's committee on food supply is entitled "What to Buy" and deals with meats.

Flank steak costs much less than top sirloin or round steak, but it makes an excellent roast. It can also be pot roasted or used as chopped meat.

Chuck or round steak costs much less than porterhouse or sirloin and can be broiled in the same manner.

Chuck roast costs much less than rib roast and will make just as appetizing a dish if the bone is removed, the meat rolled and then roasted.

The beef neck is juicy and well flavored. It rarely sells for over 16 cents a pound and makes a good pot roast and excellent stews and soups.

Shin of beef makes a good "beef à la mode." Cut it up the same as for stew, brown the pieces in hot fat; then add water, cook in a pot the same as pot roast and serve with the gravy.

Shin of beef makes a most nourishing soup, and the meat can be taken from the pot afterward and served with horseradish sauce.

If you buy a rib roast of beef have your butcher cut the rib end off so that you can use it for making soup.

## ROUMANIA'S NEW MONARCH.

Eldest Daughter Said to Be Most Beautiful Unmarried Princess.

From the year 1859 King Ferdinand, the new ruler of Roumania, has been called prince of Roumania. His elder brother, William of Hohenzollern, is the father-in-law of ex-King Manuel of Portugal. The new king married in 1893 Princess Marie Alexandra Victoria, eldest daughter of Queen Victoria's second son, Alfred, duke of Edinburgh, who succeeded his father as Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha.

Of the three sons and three daughters born to Prince Ferdinand the eldest is Prince Charles, born in 1893. The eldest daughter, Princess Elizabeth, born in 1894, is reputed the most beautiful unmarried princess in Europe. She has been mentioned more than once as a possible consort for the Prince of Wales.

Wants to Be on the Ground.  
If a girl is in love with a young man in her home town she is afraid to remain away long when she has occasion to visit friends in another town.—Exchange.

## EXPLODING EXPLOSIVES.

One of Two Methods. Combustion or Detonation, Is Used.

An explosive is a body which, under the influence of heat or shock, or both, is, speaking popularly, instantaneously resolved entirely or almost so into gases.

Practical explosives consist either of bodies such as nitroglycerin and nitrocellulose, which are explosive in themselves or mixtures of ingredients which separately are or may be non-explosive, but when intimately mixed are capable of being exploded.

Explosives are exploded either by simple ignition, as in the case of black gunpowder, or by means of a detonator containing mercury fulminate.

The molecules of an explosive may be regarded as in a state of unstable chemical equilibrium. A stable state of equilibrium is brought about by the sudden decomposition of the original compounds with the evolution of heat. An explosion is thus an extremely rapid decomposition, accompanied by the production of a large volume of gas and the development of much heat.

There are two well defined modes of explosion which can be described as combustion and detonation. In the former case the explosive is simply ignited, and combustion takes place by transference of heat from layer to layer of the explosive. The rapidity with which the combustion proceeds depends not only on the physical form of the explosive, but also on the pressure under which the decomposition takes place. When in the form of fine grains combustion proceeds much more quickly than when the grains are large.

Detonation, on the other hand, has to be started by a sufficiently strong impulse, such as the explosion of a charge of mercury fulminate; it proceeds much more rapidly and is due to the formation of an explosion wave that has a velocity of thousands of meters a second.

"High" explosives indicate those, such as dynamites and nitrate of ammonia explosives, which detonate and have a greater shattering power than the "low" explosives. — New York World.

"Cute," which is a shortened form of acute, is not classical English, and it is not to be wondered at that you failed to find it in the dictionaries you consulted. It is a colloquial Americanism and might almost be classed as slang. It has two meanings. In the first place it means clever, especially in looking out for one's own advantage in petty ways, shrewd, smart, as "a cute trick." It also means small and pretty, attractive, as "a cute baby," "a cute little watch."

## Help the Little Ones, Too.

To keep ourselves and our children fresh and sound-hearted, we must exercise vigorous, open-eyed choice, and accustom them cheerfully and eagerly to do the same.—Annie Winsor Allen in Atlantic Monthly.

## Ecuador a Fertile Country.

Ecuador is rich in agricultural lands, but in very few cases are they worked to their full capacity; in fact, much of the most fertile land is not under cultivation at all. As is the case in other South American countries, the land is held in such large tracts that proper supervision and cultivation is not practical.

## Easy & Practical Home Dress Making Lessons

Prepared Especially For This Newspaper  
by Pictorial Review

## A LOUNGING ROBE OF QUALITY.

ried out in pale blue nun's veiling trimmed with hemstitched batiste.

The latest designs in negligees are extremely dainty in their conception. All of the dainty details that make modes for formal wear so exquisitely feminine are rung in upon these negligees, this being especially true of neck and sleeve trimmings.

Nun's veiling, crepe, cachemire, voile or French flannel may be employed in duplicating this model. The collar and sleeve ruffles are of hemstitched batiste. The average size required 4 1/2 yards of 44-inch or 4 1/2 yards of 54-inch material and 1 yard of 30-inch batiste for trimming.

The back and front are cut open from an open fold of the material. If desired without seam at the center of the back cut off 3/4 of an inch from back edge of back and place pattern on material, with back edge on a lengthwise fold of the goods.

The construction of the negligee is exceedingly simple because of the lack of seams. The under-arm seam is closed first, then the shoulder seams, the notches being carefully matched. If there is a seam in the back, close this. Sew the collar to the neck edge as notched. Gather ruffle between double "T" perforations. Sew gathered or circular ruffles in armholes. Lace may be substituted for batiste, but the latter is very much in demand.

A large silk ornament of braid makes an effective finish for the front of the negligee.

Ladies' negligee or lounging robe, with flaring collar. It is very dainty and cutting guide 5929

Pictorial Review pattern, No. 5929. Size 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust. Price, 15 cents.

## The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

## HALLOWEEN NUT CAKES.

THE following cakes, in which nuts are important ingredients, have the merit of being nutritious as well as delicious. They are very appropriate for the Halloween feast.

Walnut Wafers.—To make the wafers sift two tablespoonsfuls of flour, a third of a tablespoonful of salt and a quarter of a spoonful of baking powder together. Cream half a pound of brown sugar and two eggs together and add the sifted flour, baking powder and salt. Then stir in half a pound of broken walnut meats. Drop from a spoon on buttered pans and bake.

## Popular Recipes.

Hickory Nut Cake.—To make hickory nut cake cream half a cupful of butter with a cupful and a half of sugar. Add alternately three-fourths of a cupful of water and two cupfuls of flour. Next add the whites of two eggs well beaten, a cupful of hickory nut meats, two more well beaten egg whites and a teaspoonful of baking powder. Pour into flat buttered pans and bake slowly for over half an hour. Cover with white icing and mark in small squares.

Peanut Jumbles.—To make peanut jumbles cream three-quarters of a cupful of butter with a cupful of sugar. Add three well beaten eggs. Sift a cupful and a half of flour with a quarter of a cupful of cornstarch and half a teaspoonful of baking powder and add to the butter and sugar and eggs. Add half a teaspoonful of extract of almond or lemon. Roll the dough out on a floured board, and when it is thin cut it with a biscuit cutter. Mix a quarter of a cupful of granulated sugar with the same amount of shelled peanuts and sprinkle these over each round of dough. Roll the nuts in and bake.

## A Rich Cake.

Almond Cake.—Shred half a cupful of almonds that have been previously blanched by pouring hot water over them. Cream half a cupful of butter with two cupfuls of sugar and add four eggs, one at a time, beating the batter three times after each addition. Add two cupfuls of flour sifted with a teaspoonful and a half of baking powder. Alternate with additions of the flour and half a cupful of milk to which a small glass of grape juice has been added or else add three-quarters of a cupful of almond extract and mix smooth. Pour into a round mold with a tube in the center and bake.

Annie Thompson!

## Treating Scarlet Fever.

No matter how mild the case of scarlet fever, the patient must be put to bed and kept there for four weeks. For it must not be forgotten that his kidneys are affected, just as if his was the most serious case. Milk must be the basis of the diet, no meat in any form, not even broth, being allowed.

## Really Time Well Spent.

Each man's mind is an unknown land to himself, so that we need not be at such pains to frame a mechanism of adventure for getting to undiscovered countries.—Samuel Butler.

## GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse, corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr. Successor to J. Geo. Wolf & Sons Co.

Wheat	Per Bu
New Ear Corn	.96
Rye	.70
New Oats	.45

## RETAIL PRICES

Badger Dairy Feed	Per 100
Hand Packed Bran	1.50
Course Spring Bran	1.40
Corn and Oats Chops	1.60
Shomaker Stock Food	1.60
Cotton Seed Meal	1.65
Cotton Seed Meal per ton	\$32.00
White Middlings	1.75
Red Middlings	1.65
Rye Chop	1.70
Timothy Hay	.96
Baled Straw	.60
Plaster	\$7.50 per ton
Cement	\$1.40 per bbl
Flour	5.20
Western Flour	7.00
Wheat	Per Bu
New Ear Corn	1.10
Shelled Corn	.70
Old Ear Corn	1.00
Western Oats	.60

## PUBLIC SALE

ON THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1914

The undersigned, residing on the road from Rothaupt's mill to Harnery, about midway between the two places, in Cumberland township will offer at public sale the following personal property:

## THREE HEAD OF HORSES

One a sorrel mare, 5 years old and a good off-side worker, will make a fine brood mare; black colt, 4 years old, broken and a good worker. He is well formed and heavy. Bay horse colt coming 3 years old, is standard bred and shows lots of speed. The above horses are all sound.

## 30 HEAD OF CATTLE

Consisting of 9 milk cows, some of which will be fresh in November, and balance in the Spring. Two heifers have calves by their sides. Fifteen head of heifers, Hereford, Durham and Holstein. They are all good size. Six stock bulls will weigh from 400 to 700 lbs.

## 90 HEAD OF HOGS

Four brood sows with first litter of pigs by their sides. Balance are shoats ranging from 30 to 100 lbs. All of them are nice hogs.

Sale will begin at 12 o'clock promptly, rain or shine.

A credit of 10 months will be given on all sums over \$5.00 by purchaser giving his note with approved security. 5 per cent discount will be allowed for cash.

GARFIELD C. JACOBS,  
G. R. Thompson, auct.  
Fius Miller, clerk.

## FOR SALE

A Fine Horse Colt four Month's old.

Inquire of

H. L. Sterner.

Idaville, Pa.

Bell Phone, Biglerville 18-14

## CHARLES J. BUSHMAN

Plumbing of all kinds.

Near Arendtsville.

Gettysburg, R. R. 5

United Phone No. 18 L.

## THE WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY

Schedule Effective Sunday, Sept. 27, 1914.

Daily, leave 5:50 a. m., for Baltimore, stopping at Hanover.

Daily except Sunday, leave 8:39 a. m., for York and intermediate stations.

Daily, 3:44 p. m., for Baltimore, York and intermediate stations. No connection for York on Sunday.

Daily, 10:09 a. m., for Hagerstown, and intermediate stations and the West.

Daily except Sunday, 5:38 p. m., for Hagerstown, and intermediate stations.

Daily, 11:22 p. m., for Hagerstown, Cumberland and Pittsburg.

I Will be in GETTYSBURG Every TUESDAY.

At Pen. Myers' Jewelry Store To Examine Eyes and Fit Glasses.

W. H. DINKLE Graduate of Optics

## DR. M. T. DILL, DENTIST

BIGLERVILLE, PA.  
Will be at York Springs Wednesday of Each Week.



Your sheep, hogs, cattle, horses and mules are subject to deadly attacks of worms. These ravenous pests multiply by the millions, starve your stock, keep them poor, weak, and out of condition.

## SALOVET

The Great Worm Destroyer and Conditioner  
Is a medicated stock salt that will rid every animal on your place of worms quickly and keep them worm free and healthy. No pay if it fails. No dosing, no drenching. Just put it where all your stock can run and feed freely. They will do for themselves, thrive faster, and put on money-making flesh. Salovet is not expensive. We carry it in six sizes from 25c up. Come in and get a package to try. You will be pleased with the results. We guarantee it.

S. G. BIGHAM,  
Biglerville.

## ENTIRE STORE STOCK For Sale

Intending to quit business I offer for sale my entire stock and fixture.

E. J. Bucher

Cashtown, Pa.

## Medical Advertising

## Instantly Opens Nostrils Colds And Catarrh Vanish

In One Minute Your Stuffy Nose and Head Clears. Sneezing and Nose Running Cease. Dull Headaches Go.

Try "Ely's Cream Balm." End such misery now! Get the small bottle of "Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fragrant balm

Get a small bottle anyway, just to try it—Apply a little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped-up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely; dullness and headache disappear. By morning! the catarrh, cold-in-head or catarrhal sore throat will be gone.

dissolves by the heat of the nostrils; penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which lines the nose, head and throat; clears the sinusses; stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleansing, soothing relief comes immediately.

Don't lay awake to-night struggling for breath, with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, foul mucous dripping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless.

Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

## FOR SALE

The John F. Bishop farm situated in the fruit belt, adjoining the Tyson farm at Mapleton, one mile south of Bendersville; 135 acres, 10 acres in timber. Two orchards of apple and peach. The macadam road passes through this farm. Land in a high state of cultivation. Plenty of water on farm and at buildings. Barn 54 x 90, almost new, two wagon sheds, two buggy sheds, machine shed, wood and pump house. Good hog pen. Eight room house in good condition.

For terms apply to

JOHN F. BISHOP,  
Aspers, Pa.

## FOR SALE FOR SALE

FOR SALE AT GETTYSBURG.

150 STEERS, weigh from 700 to 850 lbs.—good, thrifty, well bred cattle. Also a lot of stock BULLS, weigh from 500 to 1000 lbs.

C. T. LOWER

## Famous Babcock Ladders

Full assortment now in stock consisting of

Straight Ladders, Extension Ladders, Step Ladders AND ESPECIALLY FRUIT LADDERS

Every piece of this well known brand is made from second-growth Spruce, with Rungs of Ash or Elm.

H. P. MARK, ARENDSVILLE, PA.

Utilizing School Grounds.  
Making the school grounds a miniature colony, with the pupils busily engaged in all kinds of productive occupations, is the device of the Birley House school, an open-air school in England.

## The Pinch.

"Yes, I don't so much mind 'im giv' in me the sack. That's all right. But 'e was a dirty outdier to send a letter to the paper advertisin' for a boy—a boy, mark you—to take my place!" —London Opinion.



## VOTE ON WAR TAX BILL TODAY

**Senate Agreement Means Measure Will Be Ready For House Monday.**  
Washington, Oct. 17.—Congress had so nearly completed its work for the session that adjournment by the middle of next week seemed practically assured.

An agreement reached in the senate to vote on the war tax bill and all amendments before adjournment today means that the measure will be ready for the house on Monday.

Administration leaders expect a conference agreement in a day or two thereafter and prompt approval of the report by both houses.

Senators from southern states who have threatened to delay action have agreed to the proposal to vote today because it would record their votes on the amendment providing for the issue of \$250,000,000 in government 4 per cent bonds for the purchase of cotton. They would not concede that the amendment would be defeated, but the prevailing impression is that it will fall short of the necessary votes.

## MEXICANS TRAIN GUNS TO ATTACK VERA CRUZ

### In Position Half a Mile From American Outposts.

Vera Cruz, Oct. 17.—Evident preparations on the part of a small detachment of men under General Aguilar for an attack on the American outposts around Vera Cruz have resulted in the strengthening of the American lines.

Some 200 Mexicans are in a position about half a mile from the American posts, and they have two mounted guns trained on the American soldiers.

Their warlike activity is attributed in Vera Cruz to overindulgence in liquor obtained at a house just beyond the American lines, but their boasts that they were about to inaugurate an attack that ultimately would drive the Americans out of this port are taken more or less seriously, because of the persistence of the reports that General Aguilar will not be able to restrain himself much longer, and that the impatience of his men to enter Vera Cruz is rendering his control over them doubtful.

Aguilar's entire force is estimated between 4000 and 6000 men, with several pieces of artillery. It is reported in Vera Cruz that Aguilar has made a wager that he will take his breakfast in Vera Cruz on Sunday morning.

## U. S. MEDAL FOR EDISON

**Resolution in Congress to Honor Inventor of Incandescent Light.**  
Washington, Oct. 17.—A resolution that the thanks of congress be extended to Thomas A. Edison as one of "the greatest inventors of all history," was introduced in the house by Representative Gittens, of New York.

Mr. Gittens suggests that congress authorize the bestowal upon Edison of a gold medal costing \$5000, the design of the medal to be approved by the president, the vice president and the speaker of the house.

Gittens will seek action on his resolution prior to Oct. 21, which is to be celebrated as Edison day in commemoration of the invention of the incandescent bulb.

**Slain Man's Body Found.**  
Bloomsburg, Pa., Oct. 17.—A murder shrouded in mystery was revealed when William Ludwig, of Catawissa, out hunting, came upon the body of an unidentified man at the base of Catawissa mountain. About ten feet from the body lay the severed head, with a bullet hole above the socket of the left eye.

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## BIG ARMIES CLASH OUTSIDE WARSAW

### Russians to Defend Capital of Poland.

### LULL AT OTHER POINTS

**Russians Are Successful in Galicia and Official Report Says Kaiser Is Checked.**

Petrograd, Oct. 17.—Fighting between German and Russian troops is now going on within eight miles of Warsaw, Russian Poland.

The official Russian decision to defend the city of Warsaw is regarded as important in two ways. First, it indicates that the Germans have been thwarted in their attempts to straighten their front along a north and south line, so that it would extend from Ostrodenka, sixty miles northeast of Warsaw, through Sanonur, into Galicia, and, second, the Germans have been obstructed in their plan to use Warsaw as winter quarters.

With the exception of an engagement south of Przemysl, where the Russian left wing is reported as having been successful, repulsing the advancing Austrians and Germans, activity at other points on the line appears to have been suspended.

German troops are now around Polangen and Jurburg, a short distance from the Russian frontier. In the northern part of East Prussia, the Russians at present are making no effort to advance further than the boundary of East Prussia.

Here the fighting has ceased, while along the southern limits of East Prussia there are few troops of either army until the Vistula river is reached. Here the Germans are endeavoring to advance along the left bank of this stream to avoid the strong fortress of Gorkovsk on the right bank of the river.

Russian experts are of the opinion that the German plan is to attempt to carry the war into East Galicia and the Lemberg district. This is believed by the German abandonment of the attempt to advance eastward into Russia in favor of the project of striking southward.

The Germans have been checked in their advance on Warsaw and in Russian Poland, it was officially announced. It was also stated that the campaign against the Austrians in Galicia and the efforts to take the Austrian stronghold of Przemysl are meeting with continued success.

**Either Fear, Rage or Pain Starts the Adrenal Glands to Work.**

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The sugar set free from the liver and circulated in the blood stimulates the muscles; for sugar is the source of muscular energy. Fear, rage and pain are thus given us by nature as agencies to enable us to use our physical powers to their fullest extent in the crisis that produces the excitement.—Los Angeles Times.

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Submarine Fails to Shake Confidence of U. S. Officers in Battleships.

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## BEARDS IN BATTLE.

**And Why Clean Shaven Men Became Prized as Warriors.**

The habit of shaving is not of a very ancient origin. According to James Stephens in "Here Are Ladies," when humanity lived a quiet, rural and unambitious life men did not shave; their hair was their glory, and if they had occasion to sweat, which must have been infrequent, their hairiest and readiest oath was "By the beard of my father," showing clearly that this feature was held in veneration in early times and was probably accorded divine honors upon suitable occasions.

With the advent of war came the habit of shaving. A beard offered too handy a grip to a foe who had got to close quarters; therefore, warriors who had no true hardihood of soul preferred cutting off their beards to the honorable labor of defending their chins.

Many ancient races effected a compromise in order to retain a fitting military appearance, for a bareheaded warrior has but little of terror in his aspect. The ancient Egyptians, for example, who had cut off or could not cultivate or had been forcibly deprived of their beards, were wont to go into battle clad in heavy false whiskers, which, when an enemy seized hold of them, came off instantly in his hand, and the ancient Egyptian was enabled to dispatch him while in a trance of stupefaction and horror.

Clean shaven men became by this cowardly stratagem very much prized as fighting men, and thus the foundation of the shaving habit was laid.

## DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS

**Belgian Queen at Front**  
Shares Burdens With Husband at Military Headquarters.

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**ROYAL**



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Wheat firm; No. 2 red, \$1.06½@1.09½.  
Corn steady; No. 2 yellow, 81¢@81½¢.  
Oats quiet; No. 2 white, 51¢@51½¢; lower grades, 50¢.  
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## ROUND THE WORLD

It is said forty coconuts will yield a gallon of oil.

Railways are opening the interior of Nigeria to trade.

Signs of labor unrest have been shown lately in Lapland.

There are 20,775 Chinese and 3,474 Japanese in Australia.

Gold Coast colony is the premier cocoa producer of the world.

Minnesota's 1914 poultry and egg output is valued at \$35,000,000.

British India's wheat crop is estimated this year at 8,385,000 tons.

South Wales has 600 of the 3,289 coal mines worked in the United Kingdom.

Turin, Italy, now has 440,000 people and seventy-six motion picture theaters.

French and German fishermen can be compelled to serve in their respective navies.

Austria had a population by the last census (1910) of 28,325,000 and Hungary 20,886,787.

W. H. Thomas of Los Angeles, Cal., claims he has invented a lock which cannot be picked.

A considerable number of well-to-do Chinese in Manchuria are able to read and write English.

Austrian doctors prior to the war were so numerous that few could make a respectable living.

Salvador has placed an import duty on educational books of about 6 cents per hundred pounds.

In England it is said that the motorcycle is becoming very popular among women for shopping.

Motor vans have been superseding horse drawn vehicles in the parcel delivery business of Scotch cities.

One Berlin woman is the mother of twenty-six children. Another woman in Paris has twenty-one children.

Joe Bartlett, a Philadelphia beggar, has been caught winding his arm in wire to simulate paralysis of that member.

Crews of British submarine boats are regularly drilled in the use of life saving helmets, with which they may escape should a boat founder.

When Waterloo was fought both Napoleon and Wellington were forty-seven years old. Wellington's Prussian ally, Blucher, was seventy-three.

A private train has been built for the khedive of Egypt that is composed of cars that get their current from motors driven by gasoline engines.

Russia has 67,612 miles of navigable inland waterways; Germany, 11,293; France, 7,892; England, 3,306; Holland, 3,250; Sweden, 3,187; and Belgium, 1,440.

The taxicab service of Ceylon consists of twenty American made automobiles. A unique feature is the issuing of books of twenty and forty ride taxi tickets.

Five hundred Spanish laborers are engaged in work providing better sanitation at Guayaquil, long notorious as one of the most unhealthy towns in South America.

Despite the broods of the typewriter the fountain pen industry of the United States has almost trebled in ten years and almost twice as many steel pens are being made.

A new fireproof window shutter is made of a series of metal tubes rolled together like the top of a roll top desk and which can be dropped over a window by its own weight.

What is believed to be the lowest type of humanity in the world today has been discovered in the interior of Sumatra, a people without property, religion, superstition or any idea of a future state.

There is a family of six sisters living in the French village of Comelle sous Bouvion, of whom the eldest is eighty-five and the youngest seventy-five years old. Their total ages amount to 475 years.

The New South Wales government has decided to supplement its enterprises by the creation of a state bakery at Sydney. The government will acquire a bakery and bake bread for its own institutions.

It is not etiquette in battle to endeavor to shoot the commander of a force unless he persistently and unnecessarily exposes himself to fire. Still, every effort to capture a commander may be made.

Some farmers in Germany use roosters for hatching eggs and raising chicks. They take better care of the chicks than the hens do, even fighting hawks to protect them and running with them much longer.

The heating power of Swedish peat is such that one and an eighth tons of clod peat are equivalent to one ton of English steam coal. Pulverized peat is particularly useful. The Finnish government is now constructing four railway engines to be stoked with peat powder.

## The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

**QUINCE DESSERTS.**

**DINNER MENU.**  
Clear Tomato Soup.  
Broiled Lamb Chops.  
Rice Croquettes.  
Green Corn.  
Quince Pie.  
Coffee.

**QUINCES** in the shape of jam or jelly are especially useful in the making of winter desserts.

When the fruit is fresh it may also be used in the concoction of many pleasing and popular dishes.

### In the Form of Pastry.

**Quince Roly Poly.**—Take a half pound of flour, a half teaspoonful of salt, five ounces of suet and a pint of the quince jam or jelly. Chop the suet, free it from skin and fiber, then add to it the flour and salt. Mix well and then stir in gradually enough water to make a paste. Roll it out on a floured baking board and when about an inch thick, spread thickly with jam. Roll up, tie in a floured cloth, leaving plenty of room for it to swell. It may be put into a pot of boiling water and boiled for two hours, or it may be placed in steamer and steamed for two hours. Serve with sauce.

**Quince Pie.**—Line a deep earthen pie plate with puff paste, prick with a fork and bake a golden brown. When cool fill with a layer of quince marmalade and cover with a layer of whipped cream, sweetened and flavored with pineapple. Decorate top with preserved or candied cherries.

### Stewed in Sirup.

**Quince Compote.**—Take the quinces, cut into quarters, remove the cores, put them into a stewing pan with some water. Set over the fire. When the fruit is quite soft, take them out and lay on a clean cloth. Take another preserving pan, with some clarified sugar in it, then put in the quinces and allow them to stew gently over a slow, clear fire until quite done. If required to be of a red color the pan must be kept covered while cooking.

**Quince Whip.**—Whip a cup of cream to a stiff froth, add gradually a third of a cupful of quince honey and sugar to sweeten if needed. Flavor with a few drops of vanilla and bitter almond extract and chill. Serve with wafers.

**Meringue of Quinces.**—Make puff paste; roll it into a sheet and cut out an eighth inch square. Then cut eight strips three-quarters of an inch wide and ten inches long; bake square and strips separately. Spread strips lightly with quince honey, lay it on the square, letting the ends cross, lay cabin fashion, and cover the bottom of the square with quince honey also; then sprinkle well with finely chopped nuts. Beat the whites of five eggs until very stiff, add half a cupful of sugar, one teaspoonful of lemon extract and pile irregularly into the paste shell. Bake in a moderate oven until firm.

**English Female Porters.**

**Muscular Women Carry Heavy Loads in Covent Garden Market.**

Visitors to Covent Garden market, the great flower market of London, will find that in addition to much floral beauty there is a wholesome, muscular, athletic womanhood that is good to look upon to be found among the women porters. The flowers that are sold in huge quantities in this market are bought by retail flower dealers, to whose vans the flowers must be delivered in the surrounding streets. The work of carrying is done largely by women, and the Covent Garden woman porter is one of London's character studies.

These women, who carry loads of flowers on their heads, are hardworking, conscientious workers. As a rule, their hours are from 5 to 9 in the morning—not long perhaps, but during that time the women do what might well be considered a good day's work. It is not light work, as a woman porter frequently carries two dozen large pots of plants on her head over a distance of several hundred yards. Light and heavy loads may or may not come alternately, but all are accepted cheerfully. The payment, as a rule, is inadequate, but depends upon the generosity of the temporary employer.

The powers of endurance these women possess are quite remarkable, and the work agrees with them. One woman recently pointed with pride to her daughter, a girl of twenty, with cheeks glowing with health and muscles that would do credit to any system of physical culture. The girl had been delicate, but a few weeks' work in the flower market caused a decided improvement, which increased as time went on.

A somewhat odd recognition of their work is received annually by these flower porters in the shape of a shawl and two aprons each, a gift from the Duchess of Bedford.—London Mirror.

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## NO TRESPASSING.

All persons are warned not to trespass on the premises of the undersigned with dog, gun or trap for the purpose of taking game in any manner; or for fishing, or in any way injuring or destroying property. All persons violating the laws of the Commonwealth with regard to trespassing on lands of the undersigned will be dealt with under the provisions of the Act of April 14, 1905.

Jacob L. Toot, Straban township.  
D. A. Fidler, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.  
John Fidler, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.  
C. P. and M. W. Bigham, Freedom and Liberty townships.  
D. S. Coleman, (Samuel Nace tenant) Straban township.  
F. L. Kime, Biglerville, Pa.  
W. A. Bigham, Cumberland township, R. 3, Gettysburg.  
Harvey Scott, Cumberland township.  
Mrs. Matilda L. Codori, Cumberland township.  
Waybright Rice, Biglerville, Pa.  
William H. Johns, Cumberland township and Gettysburg.  
D. B. Wineman, Cumberland township, R. 2, Gettysburg.  
Leo Frommeyer, R. 10, Gettysburg, Pa.  
W. S. Spangler, Freedom township, R. 4, Gettysburg.  
J. W. Cook, Flora Dale, Pa.  
W. T. Mehling, R. 4, Gettysburg, Cumberland township.  
Louis Mizeli, Straban township, R. 7, Gettysburg.  
Jacob F. Peters, Biglerville, Pa. Tyrone township.  
Mrs. J. E. Hughes, Cumberland township.  
Mrs. Andrew Brough, R. 1, Aspers, Menallen township.  
E. N. Hoffman, R. 2, Biglerville, Pa.  
William Coshun, R. 9 Gettysburg Straban township.  
O. B. Sharretts, R. 2 Gettysburg Cumberland township.  
Robert A. Horner, R. 3 Gettysburg, Cumberland township.  
Leo Tipton, R. 1 Fairfield, Highland township.  
Gilbert Rudisill, R. 1 Gettysburg, Pa.  
Curtis Herring, Highland township.  
F. B. Twisden, Gettysburg Poultry Farm, R. 2, Gettysburg, Pa.  
Charles E. Schultz (J. L. Butt Farm) R. 1, Orrtanna, Pa.  
Reuben Kenner, R. 1, Virginia Mills, Hamilton twp. (Copper Co. Farm)  
Elias Wolford, Mt. Pleasant township, R. 8, Gettysburg, Pa.  
D. L. Jacobs, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.  
Joseph B. Twining, Straban and Cumberland townships.  
Milton Lady, R. 6 Gettysburg, Butler Twp. (Mrs. E. Bucher Farm).  
L. E. Hershey, Seven Stars.  
J. L. Bigham, R. 4, Gettysburg, Pa., Freedom township.  
Frank Eckert, Butler township, Table Rock, Pa.  
Charles Essick and sisters, Butler township, R. 5, Gettysburg, Pa.  
J. H. Rex, R. 2, Biglerville, Pa., Menallen township.  
George D. Thomas, R. 5, Gettysburg, Cumberland township.  
Mervin Topper (John McHenry farm) R. 7, Gettysburg, Straban Twp.  
D. W. Stoops, Highland township, R. 4, Gettysburg.  
W. W. Scott, Freedom Township, R. 3, Gettysburg.  
Jacob W. Groscock, R. 7, Gettysburg, Tyrone township.  
A. S. Whistler, Mt. Pleasant Township, R. 10 Gettysburg.  
C. B. Shank, Straban township, Route 7, Gettysburg, Pa.  
Charles F. Robert, Franklin township, Seven Stars.  
Deardorff Brothers, Franklin township.  
John and Frank Garretson, Menallen township, R. 1, Aspers.  
Eli P. Garretson, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.  
George Wagner, Table Rock, Pa.  
John C. Derr (McPherson Farm) Cumberland Twp, R. 4, Gettysburg.  
A. H. Loh



## "NEVER TO BED," EDISON'S SLOGAN

Future Man Will Sleep Less,  
Declares Inventor.

AND FINALLY NOT AT ALL.

It May Be a Million Years Before This New "Advance in Civilization," He Admits, but Believes Time Will Come and Also That Humanity Will Live in Double Shifts.

Humanity will have to live in double shifts by and by because the world will be so crowded that it will have to sleep less.

By sleeping less it will enormously increase its productive power, for sleep is an absurdity—a bad habit.

Nothing in the world is more dangerous to the efficiency of humanity than too much sleep, except, perhaps, stimulation.

It will have to eat less because the world's population will be so great that its productivity will not keep pace with a per capita consumption as great as that of the present time.

By eating less it will enormously increase its efficiency and happiness and do away with poverty.

These statements by Thomas A. Edison, the great inventor, were drawn out in the course of a long talk occasioned by the thirty-fifth anniversary of his invention of the electric lighting system, says Edward Marshall in an article in the New York Times. Mr. Edison is quoted further on these interesting subjects:

"As a matter of fact a very simple bit of arithmetical figuring will show that by and by humanity will have to live in double shifts, so that there may be room upon the earth for all the people. We are conquering the enemies of life at a great rate. Our increase of the life rate more than makes up for the decrease in the birth rate.

Callie Sleep a Bad Habit.

"I think this matter of sleeping is one of the serious things which humanity must begin to study. I never yet have come across the case of a man who had been hurt by want of sleep.

"There really is no reason why men should go to bed at all, and the man of the future will spend far less time in bed than the man of the present does, just as the man of the present spends far less time in bed than the man of the past did.

"As we have advanced in civilization the amount of sleep which we have taken has decreased, and as we further advance it further will decrease.

"In the old days man went up and down with the sun. A million years from now he won't go to bed at all. Really, sleep is an absurdity, a bad habit. We can't suddenly throw off the tradition of the habit, but we shall throw it off.

An Incident to Bear Out Theory.

"Humanity can adjust itself to almost any circumstances. Not so very long ago we had a good deal of trouble in the factory while we were trying to perfect the disk record for our phonographs, and it was plain enough to me that one reason for it was that our work was too much interrupted by the daily routine of our lives.

"Eight of us then started upon the work with very definite intentions of wasting just as little time as possible. For five weeks we put in from 145 to 150 hours a week each at the job. One hundred and fifty hours a week means more than twenty-one hours a day."

"And none of you suffered any ill effects?"

Mr. Edison chuckled. "Ill effects? No. We all gained weight."

"Suppose a crusade which would educate the people might be started which would keep the 90,000,000 people of the United States out of bed one hour each night."

"That would add 365 hours a year to each individual's life, or much more than a month of working days of ten hours each. To the 90,000,000 it would give about 3,500,000,000 hours every year."

## DIVIDING BASEBALL PROFITS.

Smaller Sum to Go Around Than in Previous World's Series.

Due to the shortness of the world's series baseball club owners and national commission this year divide a smaller sum of money than in any world's series since 1910. The attendance at the fourth game, which clinched the championship for the Boston Braves, was 34,365 and the receipts \$62,653. Of this sum the players received \$38,832.62, the club owners \$22,555.08 and the national commission \$4,265.30.

Of the Boston club twenty-six players are eligible to share in the prize money, giving each man \$2,813 should the money be divided evenly. On the Athletics twenty-four players are entitled to divide the loser's end, which would give each Mackinnon \$2,634.18 on a share and share alike basis. The players of neither club have as yet notified the national commission just how the money will be divided. The players receive less money than has fallen to their lot since the series of 1910.

Each of the four umpires receives \$1,000, the money coming from the national commission's percentage of the profits.

New Treatment for Obesity.  
A German physician's new electrical treatment for obesity compels patients to perform muscular work automatically and independently of their will by stimulating their muscles.

## OUR NATION'S PRAYER

With man at war with brother man. Destruction casts her bloody pall. As one we lift our prayers to thee, As one, for we are brothers all.

We know that by perverted will And not by thy decree or plan, Whose end and aim is harmony, Is man at war with brother man.

Thy light is always broadly cast, And all are equal in thy sight. Thy love is greater than thy wrath. Encompass with thy love and light.

Let us continue in thy way, Not that our own course may be free, But thus, pursuant to thy will, We may the best be serving thee.

One man, one heart, one voice, one creed, In whom has liberty found birth, We ask thy mediation, Lord, And humbly sue for peace on earth. —New York Times.

## PERMANENT DESTRUCTION OF ANTWERP IMPOSSIBLE.

Often Bombarded, but Always Quickly Rebuilt—Due to Port Facilities.

Antwerp repeatedly has been bombarded and otherwise has suffered from the ravages of war, but each time has managed through the wonderful commercial advantages of its position to build itself up again and to resume its place as one of the great ports of the world.

One of the first things history contains about Antwerp is its destruction by the Normans in 836. It was rebuilt and developed its wealth until late in the fifteenth century the trade of Bruges was transferred to it by the German King Maximilian.

The protection of Emperor Charles V. enabled Antwerp to become perhaps the wealthiest city on the continent, surpassing even Venice.

Thousands of the industrious and thrifty citizens of Antwerp were banished and sought refuge in England under the persecutions of the Duke of Alba in the latter part of the sixteenth century, and in 1576 the Spanish soldiers massacred 6,000 citizens, pillaged the town and burned down the central part of it. Eight hundred buildings were destroyed and \$10,000,000 damage to property was done.

Nine years later the city was captured by Duke Alexander of Parma after a fourteen months' siege, in which it suffered severely. The city then lost much of its trade to the Dutch, and the peace of Westphalia completed the destruction of the city's commerce.

With the collapse of the supremacy of Austria, Antwerp took on a new lease of life. Napoleon I. helped the city by constructing a harbor and new quays. In 1814 the city's troubles began again. It was defended against the allies for a time, but finally was surrendered to the British.

In 1830 the Belgian insurgents captured the city, but the Dutch commander, General Chasse, continued to hold the citadel. He bombarded the town periodically, doing great damage, and finally in 1832 the French bombarded the citadel and the town again suffered.

The city did not recover from these calamities to any great extent until 1863, when the right of levying dues on the Scheldt was bought from Holland.

## FOOD HINTS FOR PUPILS.

Pamphlet Tells School Children How to Buy Meats.

The second of a series of pamphlets prepared for distribution in New York's public schools by the mayor's committee on food supply is entitled "What to Buy" and deals with meats.

Flank steak costs much less than top sirloin or round steak, but it makes an excellent roast. It can also be pot roasted or used as chopped meat.

Chuck or round steak costs much less than porterhouse or sirloin and can be broiled in the same manner.

Chuck roast costs much less than rib roast and will make just as appetizing a dish if the bone is removed, the meat rolled and then roasted.

The beef neck is juicy and well flavored. It rarely sells for over 16 cents a pound and makes a good pot roast and excellent stews and soups.

Shin of beef makes a good "beef a la mode." Cut it up the same as for stew, brown the pieces in hot fat; then add water, cook in a pot the same as pot roast and serve with the gravy.

Shin of beef makes a most nourishing soup, and the meat can be taken from the pot afterward and served with horseradish sauce.

If you buy a rib roast of beef have your butcher cut the rib end off so that you can use it for making soup.

## ROUMANIA'S NEW MONARCH.

Eldest Daughter Said to Be Most Beautiful Unmarried Princess.

From the year 1889 King Ferdinand, the new ruler of Roumania, has been called prince of Roumania. His elder brother, William of Hohenzollern, is the father-in-law of ex-King Manuel of Portugal. The new king married in 1893 Princess Marie Alexandra Victoria, eldest daughter of Queen Victoria's second son, Alfred, duke of Edinburgh, who succeeded his father as Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha.

Of the three sons and three daughters born to Prince Ferdinand the eldest is Prince Charles, born in 1893. The eldest daughter, Princess Elizabeth, born in 1894, is reputed the most beautiful unmarried princess in Europe. She has been mentioned more than once as a possible consort for the Prince of Wales.

## Wants to Be on the Ground.

If a girl is in love with a young man in her home town she is afraid to remain away long when she has occasion to visit friends in another town.—Exchange.

## EXPLODING EXPLOSIVES.

One of Two Methods. Combustion or Detonation, Is Used.

An explosive is a body which, under the influence of heat or shock, or both, is, speaking popularly, instantaneously resolved entirely or almost so into gases.

Practical explosives consist either of bodies such as nitroglycerin and nitrocellulose, which are explosive in themselves or mixtures of ingredients which separately are or may be non-explosive, but when intimately mixed are capable of being exploded.

Explosives are exploded either by simple ignition, as in the case of black gunpowder, or by means of a detonator containing mercury fulminate.

The molecules of an explosive may be regarded as in a state of unstable chemical equilibrium. A stable state of equilibrium is brought about by the sudden decomposition of the original compounds with the evolution of heat. An explosion is thus an extremely rapid decomposition, accompanied by the production of a large volume of gas and the development of much heat.

There are two well defined modes of explosion which can be described as combustion and detonation. In the former case the explosive is simply ignited, and combustion takes place by transference of heat from layer to layer of the explosive. The rapidity with which the combustion proceeds depends not only on the physical form of the explosive, but also on the pressure under which the decomposition takes place. When in the form of fine grains combustion proceeds much more quickly than when the grains are large.

Detonation, on the other hand, has to be started by a sufficiently strong impulse, such as the explosion of a charge of mercury fulminate; it proceeds much more rapidly and is due to the formation of an explosion wave that has a velocity of thousands of meters a second.

"High" explosives include those, such as dynamites and nitrate of ammonia explosives, which detonate and have a greater shattering power than the "low" explosives. —New York World.

## "Cute."

The word "cute," which is a shortened form of acute, is not classical English, and it is not to be wondered at that you failed to find it in the dictionaries you consulted. It is a colloquial Americanism and might almost be classed as slang. It has two meanings. In the first place it means clever, especially in looking out for one's own advantage in petty ways, shrewd, smart, as "a cute trick." It also means small and pretty, attractive, as "a cute baby," "a cute little watch."

## Help the Little Ones, Too.

To keep ourselves and our children fresh and sound-hearted, we must exercise vigorous, open-eyed choice, and accustom them cheerfully and eagerly to do the same.—Annie Winsor Allen in Atlantic Monthly.

## Ecuador a Fertile Country.

Ecuador is rich in agricultural lands, but in very few cases are they worked to their full capacity; in fact, much of the most fertile land is not under cultivation at all. As is the case in other South American countries, the land is held in such large tracts that proper supervision and cultivation is not practicable.

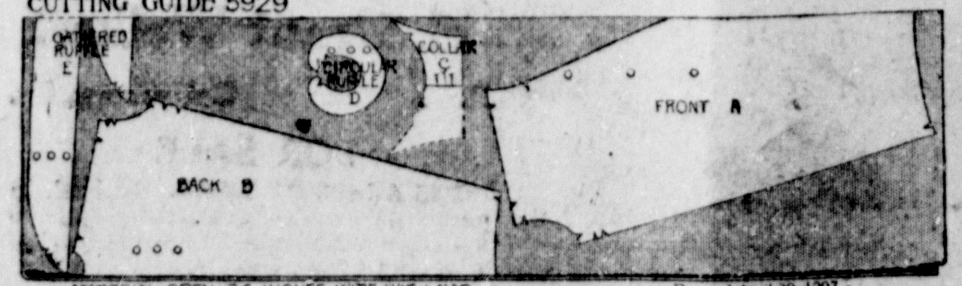
## Easy & Practical Home Dress Making Lessons

Prepared Especially For This Newspaper by Pictorial Review

A LOUNGING ROBE OF QUALITY.



Ladies' negligee or lounging robe, with fur collar. It is very dainty and comfortable. CUTTING GUIDE 5929



Pictorial Review pattern, No. 5929. Sizes 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust. Price, 15 cents.

## The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

### HALLOWEEN NUT CAKES.

THE following cakes, in which nuts are important ingredients, have the merit of being nutritious as well as delicious. They are very appropriate for the Halloween feast:

**Walnut Wafers.**—To make the wafers sift two tablespoons of flour, a third of a tablespoonful of salt and a quarter of a spoonful of baking powder together. Cream half a pound of brown sugar and two eggs together and add the sifted flour, baking powder and salt. Then stir in half a pound of broken walnut meats. Drop from a spoon on buttered pans and bake.

### Popular Recipes.

**Hickory Nut Cake.**—To make hickory nut cake cream half a cupful of butter with a cupful and a half of sugar. Add alternately three-fourths of a cupful of water and two cupfuls of flour. Next add the whites of two eggs well beaten, a cupful of hickory nut meats, two more well beaten egg whites and a teaspoonful of baking powder. Pour into flat buttered pans and bake slowly for over half an hour. Cover with white icing and mark in small squares.

**Peanut Jumbles.**—To make peanut jumbles cream three-quarters of a cupful of butter with a cupful of sugar. Add three well beaten eggs. Sift a cupful and a half of flour with a quarter of a cupful of cornstarch and half a teaspoonful of baking powder and add to the butter and sugar and eggs. Add half a teaspoonful of extract of almond or lemon. Roll the dough out on a floured board, and when it is thin cut it with a biscuit cutter. Mix a quarter of a cupful of granulated sugar with the same amount of shelled peanuts and sprinkle these over each round of dough. Roll the nuts in and bake.

### A Rich Cake.

**Almond Cake.**—Shred half a cupful of almonds that have been previously blanched by pouring hot water over them. Cream half a cupful of butter with two cupfuls of sugar and add four eggs, one at a time, beating the batter three times after each addition. Add two cupfuls of flour sifted with a teaspoonful and a half of baking powder. Alternate with additions of the flour and half a cupful of milk to which a small glass of grape juice has been added or else add three-quarters of a cupful of almond extract and mix smooth. Pour into a round mold with a tube in the center and bake.

*Annie Thompson*

### Treating Scarlet Fever.

No matter how mild the case of scarlet fever, the patient must be put to bed and kept there for four weeks. For it must not be forgotten that his kidneys are affected, just as if his was the most serious case. Milk must be the basis of the diet, no meat in any form, not even broth, being allowed.

### Really Time III Spent.

Each man's mind is an unknown land to himself, so that we need not be at such pains to frame a mechanism of adventure for getting to undiscovered countries.—Samuel Butler.

## GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr. Successor to J. Geo. Wolf & Sons Co.

Wheat	Per Bu	98
New Ear Corn	.....	60
Rye	.....	70
New Oats	.....	45

### RETAIL PRICES

Badger Dairy Feed	Per 100	1.35
Hand Packed Bran	.....	1.50
Course Spring Bran	.....	1.40
Corn and Oats Chops	.....	1.60
Shomaker Stock Food	.....	1.60
Cotton Seed Meal	.....	1.65
Cotton Seed Meal per ton	.....	\$32.00
White Middlings	.....	1.75
Red Middlings	.....	1.65
Rye Chop	.....	1.70
Timothy Hay	.....	90
Baled Straw	.....	60
Plaster	.....	\$7.50 per ton
Cement	.....	\$1.40 per bbl
Flour	.....	5.20
Western Flour	.....	7.00
Wheat	Per Bu	1.10
New Ear Corn	.....	70
Shelled Corn	.....	1.00
Old Ear Corn	.....	1.00
Western Oats	.....	60

## PUBLIC SALE

ON THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1914

The undersigned, residing on the road from Rothaupt's mill to Harny, about midway between the two places, in Cumberland township will offer at public sale the following personal property:

### THREE HEAD OF HORSES

One a sorrel mare, 5 years old and a good off-side worker, will make a fine brood mare; black colt, 4 years old, broken and a good worker. He is well formed and heavy. Bay horse colt coming 3 years old, is standard bred and shows lots of speed. The above horses are all sound.

### 30 HEAD OF CATTLE

Consisting of 9 milk cows, some of which will be fresh in November, and balance in the Spring. Two heifers have calves by their sides. Fifteen head of heifers, Hereford, Durham and Holstein. They are all good size. Six stock bulls will weigh from 400 to 700 lbs.

### 90 HEAD OF HOGS

Four brood sows with first litter of pigs by their sides. Balance are shoats ranging from 30 to 100 lbs. All of them are nice hogs.

Sale will begin at 12 o'clock promptly, rain or shine.

A credit of 10 months will be given on all sums over \$5.00 by purchaser giving his note with approved security. 5 per cent. discount will be allowed for cash.

GARFIELD C. JACOBS, C. R. Thompson, auct. Pius Miller, clerk.

## FOR SALE

A Fine Horse Colt four Month's old.

Inquire of

H. L. Sterner.

Idaville, Pa.

Bell Phone, Biglerville 18-14

CHARLES J. BUSHMAN

Plumbing of all kinds.

Near Arendtsville.

Gettysburg, R. R. 5

United Phone No. 18 L.

THE WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY

Schedule Effective Sunday, Sept. 27, 1914.

Daily, leave 5:50 a. m., for Baltimore, stopping at Hanover.

Daily except Sunday, leave 8:39 a. m., for York and intermediate stations.

Daily, 3:44 p. m., for Baltimore, York and intermediate stations. No connection for York on Sunday.

Daily, 10:09 a. m., for Hagerstown, and intermediate stations and the West.

Daily except Sunday, 5:38 p. m., for Hagerstown and intermediate stations.

Daily, 11:22 p. m., for Hagerstown, Cumberland and Pittsburgh.

I Will be in GETTYSBURG

Every TUESDAY,

At Pen. Myers' Jewelry Store To Examine Eyes and Fit Glasses.

W. H. DINKLE Graduate of Optics

DR. M. T. DILL, DENTIST

BIGLERVILLE, PA.

Will be at York Springs Wednesday of Each Week.



**A Wonderful Remedy That Saves Your Stock**  
Your sheep, hogs, cattle, horses and mules are subject to deadly attacks of worms. These ravenous pests multiply by the millions, starve your stock, keep them poor, weak, and out of condition.

**SALOVET**

The Great Worm Destroyer and Conditioner

Is a medicated stock salt that will rid every animal on your place of worms quickly and keep them worm free and healthy. No pay if it fails. No dosing, no dressing. Just put it where all your stock can get it freely. They will doctor themselves, thrive faster, and put on money-making flesh. Salovet is not expensive. We carry it in six sizes from the up. Come in and get a package today. You will be pleased with the results. We guarantee it.

**S. G. BIGHAM, Biglerville.**

## ENTIRE STORE STOCK

For Sale

Intending to quit business I offer for sale my entire stock and fixture.

E. J. Bucher

Cashtown, Pa.

## Medical Advertising

## Instantly Opens Nostrils Colds And Catarrh Vanish

In One Minute Your Stuffy Nose and Head Clears. Sneezing and Nose Running Cease, Dull Headaches Gones.

Try "Ely's Cream Balm." End such misery now! Get the small bottle of "Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fragrant balm Get a small bottle anyway, just to try it—Apply a little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped-up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely; dizziness and headache disappear. By morning! the catarrh, cold-in-head or catarrhal sore throat will be gone.

Don't lay awake to-night struggling for breath, with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, foul mucous dripping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless. Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

## FOR SALE

The John F. Bishop farm situated in the fruit belt, adjoining the Tyson farm at Mapleton, one mile south of Bendersville; 135 acres, 10 acres in timber. Two orchards of apple and peach. The macadam road passes through this farm. Land in a high state of cultivation. Plenty of water on farm and at buildings. Barn 54 x 90, almost new, two wagon sheds, two buggy sheds, machine shed, wood and pump house. Good hog pen. Eight room house in good condition.

For terms apply to

**JOHN F. BISHOP, Aspers, Pa.**

## FOR SALE FOR SALE

FOR SALE AT GETTYSBURG.

150 STEERS, weigh from 700 to 850 lbs.—good, thrifty, well bred cattle. Also a lot of stock BULLS, weigh from 500 to 1000 lbs.

C. T. LOWER

## Famous Babcock Ladders

Full assortment now in stock consisting of

Straight Ladders, Extension Ladders, Step Ladders AND ESPECIALLY FRUIT LADDERS

Every piece of this well known brand is made from second growth Spruce, with Rungs of Ash or Elm.

**H. P. MARK, ARENDTSVILLE, PA.**

Utilizing School Grounds. Making the school grounds a miniature colony, with the pupils busily engaged in all kinds of productive occupations, is the device of the Birley House school, an open-air school in England.

The Pinch. "Yes, I don't so much mind 'im giving me the sack. That's all right. But 'e was a dirty outsider to send a letter to the paper 'advertisin' for a boy—a boy, mark you—to take my place!" —London Opinion.



## VOTE ON WAR TAX BILL TODAY

**Senate Agreement Means Measure Will Be Ready For House Monday.**  
Washington, Oct. 17.—Congress had so nearly completed its work for the session that adjournment by the middle of next week seemed practically assured.

An agreement reached in the senate to vote on the war tax bill and all amendments before adjournment today means that the measure will be ready for the house on Monday.

Administration leaders expect a conference agreement in a day or two thereafter and prompt approval of the report by both houses.

Senators from southern states who have threatened to delay action have agreed to the proposal to vote today because it would record their votes on the amendment providing for the 15c. sue of \$250,000,000 in government 4 per cent bonds for the purchase of cotton. They would not concede that the amendment would be defeated, but the prevailing impression is that it will fall short of the necessary votes.

## MEXICANS TRAIN GUNS TO ATTACK VERA CRUZ

### In Position Half a Mile From American Outposts.

Vera Cruz, Oct. 17.—Evident preparations on the part of a small detachment of men under General Aguilar for an attack on the American outposts around Vera Cruz have resulted in the strengthening of the American lines.

Some 200 Mexicans are in a position about half a mile from the American posts, and they have two mounted guns trained on the American soldiers.

Their warlike activity is attributed in Vera Cruz to over-indulgence in liquor obtained at a house just beyond the American lines, but their boasts that they were about to inaugurate an attack that ultimately would drive the Americans out of this port are taken more or less seriously, because of the persistence of the reports that General Aguilar will not be able to restrain himself much longer, and that the impatience of his men to enter Vera Cruz is rendering his control over them doubtful.

Aguilar's entire force is estimated between 4000 and 5000 men, with several pieces of artillery. It is reported in Vera Cruz that Aguilar has made a wager that he will take his breakfast in Vera Cruz on Sunday morning.

## U. S. MEDAL FOR EDISON

**Resolution In Congress to Honor Inventor of Incandescent Light.**  
Washington, Oct. 17.—A resolution that the thanks of congress be extended to Thomas A. Edison as one of "the greatest inventors of all history," was introduced in the house by Representative Gittens, of New York.

Mr. Gittens suggests that congress authorize the bestowal upon Edison of a gold medal costing \$5000, the design of the medal to be approved by the president, the vice president and the speaker of the house.

Gittens will seek action on his resolution prior to Oct. 21, which is to be celebrated as Edison day in commemoration of the invention of the incandescent bulb.

**Slain Man's Body Found.**  
Bloomington, Pa., Oct. 17.—A murder shrouded in mystery was revealed when William Ludwig, of Catawissa, out hunting, came upon the body of an unidentified man at the base of Catawissa mountain. About ten feet from the body lay the severed head, with a bullet hole above the socket of the left eye.

**Opera Singer Reported Killed.**  
Boston, Oct. 17.—From a source believed to be authoritative word was received that Yanni Marcon, a member of the Boston Opera company, had been shot and killed while fighting in the French army. He was a native of Turin, Italy, but for many years had been a citizen of France.

**Cholera In War Zone.**  
Bern, Oct. 17.—The Swiss government officially declares that cholera is now existent in Russia, Austria and Serbia. The necessary precautions are being taken to prevent the disease spreading to this country.

## GENERAL MARKETS

**PHILADELPHIA**—FLOUR quiet; winter clear, \$4.60@4.85; city mills, fancy, \$6@6.50.  
RYE FLOUR quiet; per barrel, \$5@5.50.  
WHEAT firm; No. 2 red, \$1.06½@1.09½.  
CORN steady; No. 2 yellow, 81¢@81½¢.  
OATS quiet; No. 2 white, 51¢@51½¢; lower grades, 50¢.  
POTATOES steady; per bushel, 60¢@63¢.  
POULTRY: Live steady; hens, 14¢@15¢; old roosters, 11¢@12¢. Dressed: firm; choice fowls, 21¢; old roosters, 13½¢.  
BUTTER quiet; fancy creamery, 32¢ per lb.  
EGGS steady; selected, 35¢@37¢; nearby, 31¢; western, 31¢.  
**Live Stock Prices.**  
CHICAGO—HOGS weak; bulk of sales, \$7.20@7.85; light, \$7.65@8.50; mixed, \$7.20@8.10; heavy, \$8.90@8.80; rough, \$6.90@7.10; pigs, \$4.70@7.75.  
CATTLE easy; beefs, \$8.50@10.50; steers, \$6.10@9.10; stockers and feeders, \$5.30@8.15; cows and heifers, \$3.40@9¢; calves, \$7.50@11.25.  
SHEEP weak; sheep, \$4.80@6; yearlings, \$5.60@6.45; lambs, \$6@7.90.

**Imperial Flour**  
Sold by Your Grocer  
Always :: Satisfies

## BIG ARMIES CLASH OUTSIDE WARSAW

### Russians to Defend Capital of Poland.

### LULL AT OTHER POINTS

**Russians Are Successful In Galicia and Official Report Says Kaiser Is Checked.**

Petrograd, Oct. 17.—Fighting between German and Russian troops is now going on within eight miles of Warsaw, Russian Poland.

The official Russian decision to defend the city of Warsaw is regarded as important in two ways. First, it indicates that the Germans have been thwarted in their attempts to straighten their front along a north and south line, so that it would extend from Ostrodenka, sixty miles northeast of Warsaw, through Sanour, into Galicia, and, second, the Germans have been obstructed in their plan to use Warsaw as winter quarters.

With the exception of an engagement south of Pzenysl, where the Russian left wing is reported as having been successful, repulsing the advancing Austrians and Germans, activity at other points on the line appears to have been suspended.

German troops are now around Polangen and Jurburg, a short distance from the Russian frontier, in the northern part of East Prussia. The Russians at present are making no effort to advance further than the boundary of East Prussia.

Here the fighting has ceased, while along the southern limits of East Prussia there are few troops of either army until the Vistula river is reached. Here the Germans are endeavoring to advance along the left bank of this stream to avoid the strong fortress of Gorgievsk on the right bank of the river.

Russian experts are of the opinion that the German plan is to attempt to carry the war into East Galicia and the Lemberg district. This is believed by the German abandonment of the attempt to advance eastward into Russia in favor of the project of striking southward.

The Germans have been checked in their advance on Warsaw and in East Poland, it was officially announced. It was also stated that the campaign against the Austrians in Galicia and the efforts to take the Austrian stronghold of Pzenysl are meeting with continued success.

## SEA FIGHT STIRS NAVAL MEN

**Submarine Fails to Shake Confidence of U. S. Officers in Battleships.**  
Washington, Oct. 17.—The sinking of the British cruiser Hawke by a German submarine attracted particular attention in naval circles here, following the loss of several other British warships in the same manner recently.

In no perceptible degree have these disasters weakened the conviction of senior American naval officers that the battleship is still the ideal naval weapon of offense and defense.

It is admitted, though, that where submarines can be operated under conditions such as obtain in the late fall and winter season in the North sea, they are capable of working great harm to a blockading fleet.

**BELGIAN QUEEN AT FRONT**  
Havre, Oct. 17.—Queen Elizabeth of the Belgians is with her husband at the headquarters of the Belgian army and is his constant companion except when King Albert approaches the firing line to encourage and direct his troops.

M. Hulsmans, Belgian minister of state, in announcing the above fact, added that King Albert was showing great stoicism and that Queen Elizabeth was sharing his perils and giving an example of dignity and courage worthy of classic times.

## SHARES BURDEN WITH HUSBAND AT MILITARY HEADQUARTERS

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## DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



## ROUND THE WORLD

It is said forty coconuts will yield a gallon of oil.

Railways are opening the interior of Nigeria to trade.

Signs of labor unrest have been shown lately in Lapland.

There are 20,775 Chinese and 3,474 Japanese in Australia.

Gold Coast colony is the premier cocoa producer of the world.

Minnesota's 1914 poultry and egg output is valued at \$35,000,000.

British India's wheat crop is estimated this year at 8,385,000 tons.

South Wales has 400 of the 3,280 coal mines worked in the United Kingdom.

Turin, Italy, now has 440,000 people and seventy-six motion picture theaters.

French and German fishermen can be compelled to serve in their respective navies.

Austria had a population by the last census (1910) of 28,325,000 and Hungary 20,886,787.

W. H. Thomas of Los Angeles, Cal., claims he has invented a lock which cannot be picked.

A considerable number of well-to-do Chinese in Manchuria are able to read and write English.

Austrian doctors prior to the war were so numerous that few could make a respectable living.

Salvador has placed an import duty on educational books of about 6 cents per hundred pounds.

In England it is said that the motorcycle is becoming very popular among women for shopping.

Motor vans have been superseding horse drawn vehicles in the parcel delivery business of Scotch cities.

One Berlin woman is the mother of twenty-six children. Another woman in Paris has twenty-one children.

Joe Bartlett, a Philadelphia beggar, has been caught winding his arm in wire to simulate paralysis of that member.

Crews of British submarine boats are regularly drilled in the use of life saving helmets, with which they may escape should a boat founder.

When Waterloo was fought both Napoleon and Wellington were forty-seven years old. Wellington's Prussian ally, Blucher, was seventy-three.

A private train has been built for the khedive of Egypt that is composed of cars that get their current from motors driven by gasoline engines.

Russia has 57,612 miles of navigable inland waterways; Germany, 11,293; France, 7,892; England, 3,906; Holland, 3,250; Sweden, 3,187; and Belgium, 1,440.

The taxicab service of Ceylon consists of twenty American made automobiles. A unique feature is the issuing of books of twenty and forty ride taxi tickets.

Five hundred Spanish laborers are engaged in work providing better sanitation at Guayaquil, long notorious as one of the most unhealthy towns in South America.

Despite the broods of the typewriter the fountain pen industry of the United States has almost trebled in ten years and almost twice as many steel pens are being made.

A new fireproof window shutter is made of a series of metal tubes rolled together like the top of a roll top desk and which can be dropped over a window by its own weight.

What is believed to be the lowest type of humanity in the world today has been discovered in the interior of Sumatra, a people without property, religion, superstition or any idea of a future state.

There is a family of six sisters living in the French village of Comelle sous Bouvron, of whom the eldest is eighty-five and the youngest seventy-five years old. Their total ages amount to 475 years.

The New South Wales government has decided to supplement its enterprises by the creation of a state bakery at Sydney. The government will acquire a bakery and bake bread for its own institutions.

It is not etiquette in battle to endeavor to shoot the commander of a force unless he persistently and unnecessarily exposes himself to fire. Still, every effort to capture a commander may be made.

Some farmers in Germany use roosters for hatching eggs and raising chicks. They take better care of the chicks than the hens do, even fighting hawks to protect them and running with them much longer.

The heating power of Swedish peat is such that one and an eighth tons of clod peat are equivalent to one ton of English steam coal. Pulverized peat is particularly useful. The Finnish government is now constructing four railway engines to be stoked with peat powder.

## The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

**QUINCE DESSERTS.**

**DINNER MENU.**  
Clear Tomato Soup.  
Broiled Lamb Chops.  
Rice Croquettes.  
Green Corn.  
Quince Pie.  
Coffee.

**QUINCES** in the shape of jam or jelly are especially useful in the making of winter desserts.

When the fruit is fresh it may also be used in the concoction of many pleasing and popular dishes.

### In the Form of Pastry.

**Quince Roly Poly.**—Take a half pound of flour, a half teaspoonful of salt, five ounces of suet and a pint of the quince jam or jelly. Chop the suet, free it from skin and fiber, then add to it the flour and salt. Mix well and then stir in gradually enough water to make a paste. Roll it out on a floured baking board and when about an inch thick, spread thickly with jam. Roll up, tie in a floured cloth, leaving plenty of room for it to swell. It may be put into a pot of boiling water and boiled for two hours, or it may be placed in steamer and steamed for two hours. Serve with sauce.

**Quince Pie.**—Line a deep earthen pie plate with puff paste, prick with a fork and bake a golden brown. When cool fill with a layer of quince marmalade and cover with a layer of whipped cream, sweetened and flavored with pineapple. Decorate top with preserved or candied cherries.

### Stewed in Sirup.

**Quince Compote.**—Take the quinces, cut into quarters, remove the cores, put them into a steaming pan with some water. Set over the fire. When the fruit is quite soft, take them out and lay on a clean cloth. Take another preserving pan, with some clarified sugar in it, then put in the quinces and allow them to stew gently over a slow, clear fire until quite done. If required to be of a red color the pan must be kept covered while cooking.

**Quince Whip.**—Whip a cup of cream to a stiff froth, add gradually a third of a cupful of quince honey and sugar to sweeten if needed. Flavor with a few drops of vanilla and bitter almond extract and chill. Serve with wafers.

**Meringue of Quinces.**—Make puff paste; roll it into a sheet and cut out an eighth inch square. Then cut eight strips three-quarters of an inch wide and ten inches long; bake square and strips separately. Spread strips lightly with quince honey, lay it on the square, letting the ends cross, lay cabin fashion, and cover the bottom of the square with quince honey also; then sprinkle well with finely chopped nuts. Beat the whites of five eggs until very stiff, add half a cupful of sugar, one teaspoonful of lemon extract and pile irregularly into the paste shell. Bake in a moderate oven until firm.

## ENGLISH FEMALE PORTERS.

### Muscular Women Carry Heavy Loads In Covent Garden Market.

Visitors to Covent Garden market, the great flower market of London, will find that in addition to much floral beauty there is a wholesome, muscular athletic womanhood that is good to look upon to be found among the women porters. The flowers that are sold in huge quantities in this market are bought by retail flower dealers, to whose vans the flowers must be delivered in the surrounding streets. The work of carrying is done largely by women, and the Covent Garden woman porter is one of London's character studies.

These women, who carry loads of flowers on their heads, are hardworking, conscientious workers. As a rule, their hours are from 5 to 9 in the morning—not long perhaps, but during that time the women do what might well be considered a good day's work. It is not light work, as a woman porter frequently carries two dozen large pots of plants on her head over a distance of several hundred yards. Light and heavy loads may or may not come alternately, but all are accepted cheerfully. The payment, as a rule, is adequate, but depends upon the generosity of the temporary employer.

The powers of endurance these women possess are quite remarkable, and the work agrees with them. One woman recently pointed with pride to her daughter, a girl of twenty, with cheeks glowing with health and muscles that would do credit to any system of physical culture. The girl had been delicate, but a few weeks' work in the flower market caused a decided improvement, which increased as time went on.

A somewhat odd recognition of their work is received annually by these flower porters in the shape of a shawl and two aprons each, a gift from the Duchess of Bedford.—London Mirror.

## NO TRESPASSING.

All persons are warned not to trespass on the premises of the undersigned with dog, gun or trap for the purpose of taking game in any manner; or for fishing, or in any way injuring or destroying property. All persons violating the laws of the Commonwealth with regard to trespassing on lands of the undersigned will be dealt with under the provisions of the Act of April 14, 1905.

Jacob L. Toot, Straban township.  
D. A. Fidler, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.  
John Fidler, Butler township R. 1 Biglerville.  
C. P. and M. W. Bigham, Freedom and Liberty townships.  
D. S. Coleman, (Samuel Nace tenant) Straban township.  
F. L. Kime, Biglerville, Pa.  
W. A. Bigham, Cumberland township, R. 3, Gettysburg.  
Harvey Scott, Cumberland township.  
Mrs. Matilda L. Codori, Cumberland township.  
Waybright Rice, Biglerville, Pa.  
William H. Johns, Cumberland township and Gettysburg.  
D. B. Wineman, Cumberland township, R. 2, Gettysburg.  
Leo Frommeyer, R. 10, Gettysburg, Pa.  
W. S. Spangler, Freedom township, R. 4, Gettysburg.  
J. W. Cook, Flora Dale, Pa.  
W. T. Mehring, R. 4, Gettysburg, Cumberland township.  
Louis Mizeli, Straban township, R. 7, Gettysburg.  
Jacob F. Peters, Biglerville, Pa. Tyrone township.  
Mrs. J. E. Hughes, Cumberland township.  
Mrs. Andrew Brough, R. 1, Aspers, Menallen township.  
E. N. Hoffman, R. 2, Biglerville, Pa.  
William Coshun, R. 9 Gettysburg Straban township.  
O. B. Sharretts, R. 2 Gettysburg Cumberland township.  
Robert A. Horner, R. 3 Gettysburg, Cumberland township.  
Leo Tipton, R. 1 Fairfield, Highland township.  
Gilbert Rudisill R. 1 Gettysburg, Pa.  
Curtis Herring, Highland township.  
F. B. Twisden, Gettysburg Poultry Farm, R. 2, Gettysburg, Pa.  
Charles E. Schantz (J. L. Butt Farm) R. 1, Orrtanna, Pa.  
Reuben Kepner, R. 1, Virginia Mills, Hamilton twp (Copper Co. Farm)  
Elias Wolford, Mt. Pleasant township, R. 8, Gettysburg, Pa.  
D. L. Jacobs, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.  
Joseph B. Twining, Straban and Cumberland townships.  
Milton Lady, R. 6 Gettysburg, Butler Twp. (Mrs. E. Bucher Farm).  
L. E. Hershey, Seven Stars.  
J. L. Bigham, R. 4, Gettysburg, Pa., Freedom township.  
Frank Eckert, Butler township, Table Rock, Pa.  
Charles Essick and sisters, Butler township, R. 5, Gettysburg, Pa.  
J. H. Rex, R. 2, Biglerville, Pa., Menallen township.  
George D. Thomas, R. 5, Gettysburg, Cumberland township.  
Mervin Topper (John McIlhenny farm) R. 7, Gettysburg, Straban Twp.  
J. W. Stoops, Highland township, R. 4, Gettysburg.  
W. W. Scott, Freedom Township, R. 3, Gettysburg.  
Jacob W. Groscoat, R. 7, Gettysburg, Tyrone township.  
A. S. Whistler, Mt. Pleasant Township, R. 10 Gettysburg.  
C. B. Shank, Straban township, Route 7, Gettysburg, Pa.  
Charles F. Rebert, Franklin township, Seven Stars.  
Deardorff Brothers, Franklin township.  
John and Frank Garretson, Menallen township, R. 1, Aspers.  
Eli P. Garretson, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.  
George Wagner, Table Rock, Pa.  
John C. Derr (McPherson Farm) Cumberland Twp, R. 4, Gettysburg.  
A. H. Lohr, Franklin township, Seven Stars, Pa.  
Wm. A. Smith, Menallen township, R. 2, Aspers, Pa.  
C. A. Sterner, Tyrone township, Idaville, Pa.  
Katalysine Springs Company, Cumberland township.  
L. H. Meads, Cumberland township.  
Garfield Jacobs, R. 13, Gettysburg, Pa.  
David Tiffon, Straban township, R. 7, Gettysburg.  
J. E. Brown, Cumberland township, R. 5, Gettysburg.  
David P. Batterman, Butler township.  
Rev. Albert Hollinger, Cumberland township.  
Walter C. Snyder (Baily Farm) Cumberland township, R. 12, Gettysburg.  
Mark C. Peppie, Franklin township, R. 1, Orrtanna, Pa.  
Samuel Robinson R. 2, Gettysburg, Cumberland township.  
R. F. Biddle, R. 8, Gettysburg, Pa., Mt. Pleasant township.  
H. C. Warren, Biglerville, Pa.

Additional names 50 cents for entire season.

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to post on their land  
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10 CENTS EACH.  
OR  
6 FOR 50 CENTS

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**TIMES : OFFICE**

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